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U.S. Feeler To Russia

EFFORTS TO REACH AGREEMENT

Acheson Drops A Hint

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8, (PTI).

UNITED States Secretary of State Dean Acheson said here today that the United States was always reviewing its position to see if anything could be done to reach agreement with Russians.

He added that the United States was not considering a fresh approach to the Soviet Union on the international control of atomic energy.

Mr. Acheson was answering questions after giving a lengthy and informal address at his weekly press conference.

In his address the Secretary of State said the United States was trying "to extend the area of possible agreement with the Soviet Union".

He said: "Time after time we have seen that agreements reached with the Soviet Union are useful when these agreements register facts which exist and that they are not useful when they are merely agreements which do not register existing facts."

After reviewing the failure of the Soviet Union to keep to agreements of this latter type, Mr. Acheson said: "Our basic policy is to extend the area of possible agreement."

He said that this could be done by creating strength instead of weakness.

NO WEAKNESS

He said that every time you "had a situation of weakness in the world" it was an irresistable invitation for the Soviet Government to fish in those troubled waters.

Mr. Acheson said that the possibility of a new and terrible weapon such as the hydrogen bomb being developed did not change the facts of the world situation and that it intensified the need for calm and for steady nerves in the United States.

Mr. Acheson said that the United States would be very much closer to the goal of world peace when the Russian people could themselves examine their own policies freely in the same way that the American people could.

LONG ROAD

Mr. Acheson repeatedly emphasised that the road to peace was long and difficult.

Asked if one more effort might not be made to reach agreement with the Russians on the control of atomic energy, Mr. Acheson said that they had been negotiating with the Russians steadily on this subject from 1946 until the time the Russians walked out of the United Nations group considering the question.

This he described as the only place where the matter could be discussed.

Dust Storm In Karachi

PLANES HELD UP

BOMBAY, Wednesday, (PTI).

Owing to a dust-storm over Karachi today, Karachi-bound aircraft from Bombay and Colombo, which passed through Santa Cruz airport, returned to Bombay this evening.

A weather expert told PTI., tonight that the velocity of the wind over Karachi was 30 miles an hour and visibility was one mile or less.

The weather expert stated that a well-marked low pressure area over the Punjab has been causing strong dust-raising wind in Baluchistan, Sind, South-West Rajasthan, Cutch, Saurashtra and Gujerat.

Air-India planes operating between Bombay and Karachi returned to Santa Cruz airport after a halt at Ahmedabad airport, while the Air Services of India Dakota carrying passengers to Karachi was signalled by the aerodrome authorities not to proceed beyond Bhuj in Cutch. The aircraft returned to Juhu airport at about 5 p.m. after halting at Jamnagar.

Air India International's Bombay-Nairobi flight took off tonight from Santa Cruz airport on the advice of weather experts regarding the trend of the dust storm over the Arabian Coast. The aircraft will fly direct to Nairobi without touching Aden, the intermediary halt.

IMPROVEMENT

Weather experts in Bombay said tonight that the dust storm over Karachi region showed slight improvement, while reports from ships in the central Arabian Sea indicated that visibility was poor and the dust storm was active.

POLITICAL ATTACKS IN ASMARA

Grenades Thrown At Independents

ASMARA (Eritrea), Feb. 8, (PTI-Reuter): Four hand grenades exploded in two political attacks in the centre of Asmara today shortly before three members of the United Nations Four-Power Eritrea Commission arrived by plane.

Police later announced that Ali Nur, Leader of the Shifta terrorist movement had surrendered at Barentu police station on Monday night and promised the surrender of his 35 followers if he was granted an amnesty.

The grenades, thrown by two Africans cycling in two of the main streets here, were intended it was believed for Fitauri Gherenkiel Beraki and Hagos Tesfamariam, prominent members of the Independent Party, who recently returned from Lake Success.

AMBUSHED

Another report today said three independent Eritreans were ambushed in their taxi and kidnapped yesterday in the village of Adi Gobru, twelve miles from Asmara by a 24-man gang led by Ghabre Tesfazien, who is wanted by the police for 16 murders.

It was said Ghabre had tried earlier to persuade the Eritreans to join the Unionist Party.

The Eritrean Commission members who arrived today—Justice U. Aung Khine and U. Maung Soe of Burma and Mian Ziand Din of Pakistan—were met at the airport by Mr. Frank Stafford, British Foreign Office Political Adviser to the Administration and former head of the British Delegation to the 1947 United Nations Commission.

Today's bomb outrage was the second in Asmara within a week. On Saturday a grenade exploded outside the Swedish Mission and hit a car driven by Walde Ab Waledmariam, an Independent, who was slightly injured.

Aga Khan With The President

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Republic of India, with His Highness the Agha Khan when the latter called on him at Government House, New Delhi, recently.

TIGHTENING UP CONGRESS CONSTITUTION

Suggestions Before A.I.C.C.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8, (PTI).

SUGGESTIONS to tighten up the thirty million strong Congress organisation against the possible abuse of its liberal constitutional provisions will be considered at the forthcoming session of the All-India Congress Committee here on February 18.

About 350 members are expected to attend the sesesion which has on its agenda, among other items, a suggestion to modify certain clauses of the Congress Constitution relating to the election of Congress Primary Panchayats which constitute the lowest but basic units of the Congress organisation.

The present constitution which was adopted in 1948 to provide a safeguard against "bogus enrolment" of four anna members and infiltration of "undesirable elements in the Congress is considered to fall short still in preventing" the attempt to capture the Congress machinery by spending money", for every effective member, according to the constitution, will be a voter for the election of delegates to the Congress and of the members of all Congress Committees, except Congress Panchayats.

FEW GENUINE

According to reports received in the A.I.C.C. office not even ten per cent of the qualified and effective members enrolled so far are genuine. The Credential Committees, which are charged with the checking of such enrolment, find it difficult to cope with the verification work as it involves lahks of members.

To ensure fair elections of the Village Panchayats scheduled to be completed before the end of February, the AICC is likely to adopt a resolution seeking disenfranchisement of effective members from voting in the election of various Congress Committees.

This will give the voting right to the village "panchas" in the election of all subordinate Congress Committees, the Provincial Committees and of delegates. The effective membership will, however, remain a qualification for being elected to any Congress Committee.

No non-official resolutions are expected to be considered at the session.

No visitors will be allowed to the forthcoming session of the All-India Congress Committee on February 18 and 19, says an announcement from the A.I.C.C. office today.

The A.I.C.C. members are required to intimate the date and time of their arrival to the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee (Ajmere Gate, Delhi) who will arrange for their boarding and lodging.

PURGES AND ARRESTS IN EASTERN GERMANY

Christian Democrats May Lose Their Posts

BERLIN, Feb. 8, (PTI-Reuter).

PURGING of bourgeois parties and government departments in Russian-controlled Eastern Germany was intensified today with the flight of two Provincial Ministers to West Berlin and the reported arrest of five leading ministerial officials.

About twenty other ministerial officials were reported in usually reliable circles to have been either dismissed or suspended.

Political observers foresaw the probability of remaining Christian Democrat (CDU) leaders losing the posts they hold in the East German Government dominated by the Socialist Unity Party (SED).

Against this background the East German Government today announced the forthcoming establishment of a separate Ministry of State Security, hitherto under the Department of the Interior.

"GO-SLOW" SCRUTINY

East German frontier guards put a new go-slow scrutiny on lorry traffic this afternoon at the Helmstedt border checkpoint with the West.

Nearly 80 vehicles were reported waiting on the western side of the frontier and 50 on the eastern side.

A West Berlin police spokesman earlier today had reported interzonal traffic "almost normal".

Situation Quiet In Bareilly

LONDON, Feb. 8 (PTI): Latest reports received from Bareilly upto 5 p.m. today indicate that the situation there remained quiet and well under control, according to a press communique issued tonight by the Sub-Committee of the Provincial Press Consultative Committee.

Military is still posted in the town.

FOOD RATIONING ON WIDEST SCALE

MADRAS, Feb. 8, (PTI): The Government of India in a communication have advised the State Governments to maintain the foodgrain rationing in as wide a scale as possible, it was understood here today.

The need for intensifying procurement of foodgrains, so as to ensure an equitable distribution among the people, is also understood to have been emphasised by the Centre.

ATOMIC SHIP

LONDON, Feb. 8.

BRITAIN will begin to build the world's first atom engine for a ship in the near future if the Government approves a plan to be put before them in the next two months, the "Daily Mirror" stated here today.

The engine "will be a miniature atomic pile, small enough to go into the engine room of a warship," the "Mirror" stated.—PTI-Reuter.

U. S. MISSIONARIES DISAPPEAR

A Czech Mystery

PRAGUE, Feb. 8, (PTI-Reuter): The American Embassy here today said that two United States Mormon missionaries disappeared from Olomuc in Moravia on January 28.

It named the missionaries as Mr. Stanley E. Abbott and Mr. C. Aldon Johnson, both normally stationed at Olomuc. The Embassy was asked the Czechoslovak Foreign Office to provide information on their whereabouts and welfare.

Indo-S. African Talks Continue

CAPETOWN, Feb. 8, (PTI-Reuter): The preliminary talks between India, Pakistan and South Africa on the Status of Indians and Pakistanis in the Union of South Africa were continued during this morning and afternoon.

The talks were adjourned until tomorrow. No communique was issued about today's talks.

'HONOURABLE' WORD

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (UPI).

EVEN the most commonly used word "honourable" provoked laughter in Parliament today.

During the after-lunch session, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, while speaking on an amendment to the Undesirable Immigrants (Expulsion from Assam) Bill, referred to Mr. Tyagi as "the Hon'ble Mr. Tyagi".

"Shall I be Hon'ble?" Mr. Tyagi asked amidst laughter.

Mr. Ayyangar: "Even if this House were to pass a law banning the use of the word 'Honourable', I will still continue to use it before your name". (More laughter).

MAGICIAN TRIES TO KIDNAP BOY

Gets 8 Months R. I.

DHUBRI, Feb. 8, (UPI): Mr. M. N. Barua, First Class Magistrate, convicted and sentenced one Noor Ali, a magician for kidnapping a minor boy, to 8 months R.I. and a fine of Rs. 300.

The matter was detected by a school boy of Mauripur High School at Golokganj station when the accused was torturing the boy to declare himself as Makbul Mea and to affirm relationship with the accused.

The magistrate in his judgement observed: "No mercy can be shown to such a criminal who in the garb of a magician, tried to kidnap an orphan Hindu boy to Pakistan".

Hail Kills One, Hurts 19

DIBRUGARH, (Assam), February 8: Hailstones of the size of tennis balls killed one person and injured nineteen others in southern Dibrugarh in Upper Assam on Monday, according to reports received here.

Four heads of cattle were also killed, trees were uprooted and houses blown away as a result of the hail storm which lashed with tremendous fury for an hour.

The police outpost at Ghormara collapsed in the storm, which is regarded by inhabitants of the area as unusual during this part of the year.

LONDON, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter): Major-General Robert E. Urquhart, the man who led Britain's airborne division at Arnhem, Holland, during the last war, is to take over command of Malaya district and the seventeenth (Gurkha regiment) division next month, the war office announced tonight.

MASTERLY SUMMARY OF CONTROVERSY

Mr. B. N. Rau Impresses: Zafrullah's Reply

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 8. (PTI).

THE Security Council heard one of the most exhaustive treatments of the Kashmir controversy when Mr. Benegal Narsingh Rau, of India, presented his country's case before it, cables D. F. Wagle PTI special correspondent at U.N. Headquarters.

Apart from giving the reasons why India had been unable to accept General AGL McNaughton's proposals, Mr. Rau concentrated, with great effect, on attacking the misconceptions that, he said, had prevented many observers from understanding India's viewpoint in the proper perspective.

He was intently followed throughout his 80-minute speech by all the members, several of whom were seen taking copious notes.

Members followed him by referring to their own documents as he read repeatedly from the previous record to make his points.

RAU CONGRATULATED

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, the Pakistan Foreign Minister, who also read from a prepared speech, did not immediately reply to the subjects raised by Mr. Rau. He indicated, however, that he would deal with them at the end of his speech.

At the end of the session, many delegates congratulated the Indian Delegate on his "cogent and well-documented" argumentation of India's case.

At least one student of the Kashmir question told Mr. Rau that he had obtained a clearer view of the controversy after hearing him.

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan is expected to occupy the whole of his afternoon's session presenting Pakistan's case.

So far he had referred only to the manner in which India has dealt with the question of accession in three States, Junagadh, Hyderabad and Kashmir.

FRAUD IN KASHMIR

Raising his voice at one stage Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan said that India had consistently tried to persuade the Security Council to permit a "fraud" to be practised in Kashmir—the same "fraud", he declared, to which India had objected in the case of Hyderabad.

It is now expected that in view of the Pakistan Foreign Minister's treatment of the question, Mr. Rau may take the floor again at a later stage.

An informed Security Council source said that after India and Pakistan had spoken—more than once if they thought it necessary—the Council would postpone the discussion for about a week to enable members to review the position. It was not expected he said that other members of the Council would take part in the debate at the present stage.

Zafrullah's Reply

Sir Zafrullah Khan said he had listened "with the utmost attention" to the speech made by Mr. Rau.

The issue involved was of the utmost importance not only from the point of view of the prosperity of the two States directly affected, but it was one that put in serious jeopardy the maintenance of international peace.

"One difficulty I have experienced while listening to my distinguished friend," Sir Mohammed added, "has been that he has chosen to impress upon the Security Council certain incidents, events, portions of proposals and agreements to substantiate his thesis. In most cases, however, they have been taken out of their context.

"In one or two instances, the representations made by him are based upon observations in certain reports which are not in themselves accurate in matters of fact."

Sir Mohammed said that he would reply in detail to all the documentary details adduced by the Indian delegate in his speech.

PRINCIPLES

"I think it would be helpful to the Security Council if it were to attempt, as a result of its study of the Kash-

(Continued on Page 5)

HIGH IDEALS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (PTI).

A novel method of Satyagraha was adopted by the Ram Rajya Parishad today when a batch of 12 Satyagrahis climbed up a tree in Chandni Chowk, the biggest business centre of Delhi, and raised slogans against the Hindu Code Bill and cow slaughter. A police party immediately appeared, followed them on the tree top and took the Satyagrahis into custody.

A leader of the Satyagraha movement stated that they had to adopt this course, as the method of Satyagraha hitherto adopted had failed to give a hearing to them by the authorities and hence their decision to repeat their demands from "tree tops".

WINDFALL FOR MICA WORKERS

Wages Increased

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (PTI): Over 10,000 workers, skilled and unskilled, engaged in the mica mines in Nellore District will find their wages almost doubled and in some cases trebled, with immediate effect.

It is stated here that the Chief Labour Commissioner, Government of India, recently initiated discussions suo moto for the purpose of raising the wages of the workers who have no unions of their own in these mines with the owners of the mines.

Following these efforts, it has been agreed by the owners to raise the wage of the unskilled worker from annas nine to rupee one a day that of the skilled labourer and underground worker from annas twelve to Rs. 2-8 per day.

Green mica is produced in these mines and the value of annual production is estimated at over Rs. 80 lakhs. The total export of mica, an important dollar earning article, exceeded Rs. 5 crores in value last year.

Oranges To Pakistan Stopped: No Permit

JALPAIGURI, Feb. 8, (UPI): It is learnt that the local police seized on February 2 last seven cartloads of oranges in course of transit to Pachagar, in East Pakistan territory, without permit. The oranges were auctioned and the carts detained at Kotwali pending further investigation.

Bhil Leader Externed From 6 Districts

GWALIOR, Feb. 8, (UPI): Shri Baleshwar Dayal, well-known Bhil leader and President of the Madhya Bharat Kisan Panchayat, has been externed by the Madhya Bharat Government from six districts for alleged subversive activities.

He has also been served with an order directing him not to address any open air meeting within the territories of Madhya Bharat.

LUCKNOW, Feb. 8, (PTI): Mr. Hasan Ahmad Shah, member of the Peoples Party in the U.P. Legislative Assembly, has been unseated for his absence from the House for 60 days consecutively.

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Wanted an experienced Assistant Spinning Master for supervising a complete shift from blow room to ring frame of a mill, having 20,000 spindles. Apply with testimonials giving minimum salary acceptable and joining period required to Box No. 7064 C/o. "Bombay Chronicle".

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PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for articles mentioned in schedules given below are invited from the manufacturers accredited agents of manufacturers and bonafide stockists of imported and Indian made articles required during 1950-51 for the Bihar Stationery office Gulzarbagh, Patna.

Schedule I Stationery articles of superior and ordinary qualities.
Schedule II Litho and Printing Inks and Binding Materials.
Schedule III Writing Inks, Pastes, etc.
Schedule IV Litho and D. O. papers etc.
Schedule V Drawing paper and materials.
Scheduled VI Ribbons, Carbons and Stencil papers etc.
Schedules VII Rubber Stamps.
Schedule VIII Straw Board.

The prescribed tender forms can be had from the office of the Superintendent, Government Printing, Bihar, Gulzarbagh Patna on payment of Rs. 2/- and the Provincial Sale Tax anna -/1/- either in cash or by postal order duly endorsed to the Superintendent, Government Printing, Bihar, P. O. Gulzarbagh, Patna.

Tenders under Schedule III will be received up to 3 P. M. of 27th Feb. 50 and will be publicly opened at 3 p.m. on 28th Feb. 1950 and other tenders will be received up to 3 P. M. on the 7th March, 1950 and will be publicly opened on the 8th March 1950.

Sd./- R. GHOSH.
Superintendent, Govt. Printing Bihar, Gulzarbagh, Patna.

(7090)

WANTED

APPLICATIONS for post of Superintendent, Works Guards and Public Safety (Rs. 575-30-605-35-710-40-750 per month plus dearness allowance at 10 per cent of salary.) Minimum Qualifications—sound knowledge of English and Hindi, Law, Investigation and drill, Police and|or Army experience preferred.

Maximum age limit 40 years. Applications stating age, qualifications and experience must reach the Supdt. Labour Bureau, The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur via Tatanagar, B. N. Rly. on or before the 18th February, 1950. 7074

PUBLIC NOTICES

ADEN PORT TRUST.
APPOINTMENT OF ENGINEERING SUBORDINATE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the appointment of Engineering Subordinate in the Port Engineer's Department of the Aden Port Trust.

Applicants should be good draughtsman, have a sound knowledge of building construction, be capable of conducting simple surveys; be familiar with the preparation of Bills of Quantities and Specifications and be capable of setting out work and measuring up. A knowledge of hydrographical surveying would be an advantage.

Applicants must have completed a satisfactory course at a recognised Engineering College or Institution and should also have had practical experience in the field and Office.

The salary attached to the post is Rs. 300-20-500 p. m. plus travelling allowance of Rs. 80 p.m., free unfurnished quarters or house allowance in lieu, free medical attention but not hospital expenses and 2nd or tourist class passages for the selected candidate and wife if married.

The successful candidate on completing the probationary period of 6 months service will be appointed to the Permanent Establishment of the Aden Port Trust and will be required to contribute to the Aden Port Trust Contributory Pensions Fund and the "Widows and Orphans pension Fund."

Applicants should apply in their own handwriting stating their age, race, religion, height, previous experience and when available. Applications should be accompanied with copies of recent testimonials and a recent photograph and addressed to Messrs. COWASJEE DINSHAW & BROS. Agents, Aden Port Trust, 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay No. 1. (7095)

ADEN PORT TRUST.
APPOINTMENT OF ENGINEERING DRAUGHTSMAN

APPLICATIONS are invited for the appointment of an Engineering Draughtsman in the Port Engineer's Department of the Aden Port Trust.

The work involved will be mainly Civil Engineering but applicants should be acquainted with Mechanical Engineering Drawing. They should also be familiar with the principles of building construction and be able to plot surveys.

The salary attached to the post is Rs. 236-6-266 per month, free unfurnished quarters or house allowance in lieu, free medical attention but not hospital expenses and 2nd or tourist class passages for the selected candidate and wife if married.

The successful candidate on completing the probationary period of 6 months service will be appointed to the Permanent Establishment of the Aden Port Trust Contributory Pensions Fund.

Applicants should apply in their own handwriting stating their age, race, religion, height, previous experience, and when available. Applications should be accompanied with copies of recent testimonials and a recent photograph, and addressed to Messrs. COWASJEE DINSHAW & BROS., Agents, Aden Port Trust, 121, Medows Street, Fort Bombay No. 1. (7095A)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY
Tender No. 2/301-S/GA-P.3.

1. Sealed tenders are invited for Brooms Goa clean dry sticks without leaves not less than 3 ft. long in bundles of approximately one Cwt. each=200 Cwts.
2. Samples should be submitted along with quotation.
3. Rates quoted should be inclusive of packing charges and sales tax if applicable for delivery F.O.R. despatching station and in case of local supplies the rate should be for delivery at New Delhi or Shakurbasti Stores Depot
4. Tenderers are required to deposit 5 p. c. of the value of the tender subject to a maximum of Rs. 500/- as earnest money with the Chief Cashier and Pay Master, E. P. Railway, Delhi, whose receipt should be attached to the quotation. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit 5 p. c. of the value of the order as security and earnest money deposited will be counted towards security deposit if so desired by the tenderer.
5. Inspection at destination.
6. Delivery — As early as possible.
7. Quotations on tenderer's own form together with sample should reach the undersigned not later than 2nd March 1950 accompanied by a receipt for earnest money superscribed "Tender for Brooms Goa". Tenders will be opened on the following working day at 14-00 hrs.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (Stores) DELHI.

(7094)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY
Tender No. I/101-S/P1-50

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supply of tanks steel 8' x 8' x 4', high with covered top man hole (For Oil storage) as per E.P.R. Specification No. 10/Fuel tank/Elec./48 made from Steel plates of not less than 3/8" thickness ... ... 12 Nos.

2. Tender form showing full particulars along with the Specification can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Re. 1/- either in cash or by money order. No tender will be issued by V.P.P.
3. Preference will be given to quotation for supplies manufactured from tenderers own raw material. Quota Certificate can be granted by the Railway for replenishment of stock only when available.
4. Tenderers are required to deposit earnest money equalling 5 p. c. of the value of the tender subject to a maximum of Rs. 500/- with the Chief Cashier and Paymaster, E. P. Railway, Delhi whose receipt should be attached to the quotation. Successful tenderer will be required to deposit 5 p. c. of the value of the order as security and earnest money will be counted towards security if so desired by the tenderer.
5. Quotations should reach the undersigned not later than 28-2-1950 superscribed tender for tanks. Tenders will be opened on the following day at 14-00 hours.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, (Stores) DELHI (7093)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY
Tender No. 3/202-S/1. (P 2)

SEALED TENDERS are invited for Diplorries complete B. G. as per E. P. Rly. H. Q. E. sketch No. 51== 25 Nos.

2. Sketch in 2 sheets can be had from the office of the undersigned on cash payment of Re. one only.
3. Rates quoted should be inclusive of packing charges and Sales tax where applicable for delivery F.O.R. Station of despatch.
4. Delivery earliest possible.
5. Tenderers are required to deposit 5 p. c. of the value of the tender as earnest money with the Chief Cashier and Pay Master, E. P. Railway, Delhi whose receipt should be attached to the quotation. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit 5 p. c. of the value of the order as security and earnest money deposited will be counted towards security deposit if so required by the Tenderer.
6. Inspection at destination.
7. Quotations on tenderer's own form, giving full particulars of the offer in sealed envelopes superscribed "Diplorries complete B. G." should be submitted to reach the undersigned by 1-3-1950. Tenders will be opened on the following day at 14 hrs.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (Stores) DELHI (7092)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY.
TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the rebuilding of body and supporting steel structure of 30 Delhi Municipality Refuse Trucks. The trucks are available for inspection at the Qutab Road Refuse siding Delhi.

2. Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed forms which along with the conditions of tender and contract can be obtained from the office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5/-. The tenders should be submitted before 14-00 hours on 28th February, 1950, and should be accompanied by a receipt for Rs. 5,000/- deposited with the Chief Cashier, E. P. Railway, Delhi on account of earnest money, without which tenders will not be considered.
3. Tenders should be addressed to the Chief Administrative Officer, E. P. Railway, Khyber Pass, Delhi, in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for rebuilding of body and supporting steel structure of Delhi Municipality Refuse Trucks."
4. The work is to be completed within 6 months of acceptance of tender.
5. The earnest money will be retained to indemnify the Railway against loss in case the tenderers fail to execute the agreement or the work. The earnest money bears no interest whatsoever.
6. The undersigned reserves to himself the right to accept or reject any tender without assigning any reasons.
7. The tenders shall be opened in public at 15.00 hours on 28/2/50, and shall remain open for acceptance for 30 days after opening thereof.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, DELHI. (7091)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
IN INSOLVENCY
No. 25 of 1950

Re: KHUBCHAND D. JAVERI, of Bombay, residing at Kiledar Manzil, New Charni Road, Bombay ... A Debtor.
Ex parte: SHANTILAL MAGANLAL SETH ... Petitioning Creditor.

ON THE PETITION of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditor presented on the 4th day of February, 1950, an order was made this day by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 7th day of February 1950.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL
Insolvency Registrar, High Court, Bombay. (7086)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. NAGESH VINAYAK JAYAKAR, the Executor of the Will of LAXMIBAI, widow of Mothabhai Bapuji Talpade and Gajanan Bhawoji Vijayakar and HIRABAI, wife of Dr. Nagesh Vinayak Jayakar, the Executor and Executrix respectively of the Will of Kashibai widow of Anandrao Ganpatrao, all of Bombay have contracted to sell the under-mentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim whatsoever against the said property are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that vacant land at Gopi Tank, Mahim, Bombay; admeasuring 450 Square Yards being a portion of a bigger piece of land, admeasuring 7538 Square Yards being Plot No. 10 of the scheme sanctioned by the Bombay Municipality, bearing New Survey No. 146, Cadastral Survey No. 590 of Mahim Division, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 5668 (1), (2), (3) and 5669 (1), (1A) and Street Nos. 144, 144 (A), (B) and 61 and 61A, and bounded, on the East by Plot No. 9, belonging to the Vendors, on the South by means of access agreed to be kept open by the Vendors, on the North by the property of Babaji Nana Tavde and on the West by Plot No. 11 being portion of the remaining land of the Vendors.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1950.

B. G. PANDIT & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys. (7087)

AUCTION SALES

A good opportunity to buy Valuable Property at the well-known Mahableshwar Hill resort.

Sale on WEDNESDAY 22nd Feb. 1950 at 4-30 P. M. at the SALE ROOM OF THE AUCTIONEERS, 123, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co. and Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co., Attorneys for the Vendors the undersigned will sell by Public Auction as stated above the following property.

Firstly:

Piece of leasehold land admeasuring about 1 Acre and 4 gunthas situate at Mahableshwar with the bungalows out houses and other buildings known as Myatt House, Cozy Cottage and Beehive Cottage, bearing Survey No. 59 and R. S. No. 59.

Secondly.

Leasehold land admeasuring about 3 Gunthas and included in Myatt House compound property No. 59 and denoted as R. S. No. 59.

The properties will be sold with the furniture fixtures and other articles and things lying in the bungalows.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Solicitors, Yusuf Building, Church Gate Street, or the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "RATAN MAHAL" AT WALKESHWAR ROAD, MALABAR HILL.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 1024 of 1949 (Mrs. Maniben Chandul Nanavati vs. Mrs. Kasturben Hansraj Premji) and pursuant to the Consent Decree dated 16th December, 1949, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 20th February 1950 at 3-30 P. M. (S.T.) on the premises.

Pension and Tax land since redeemed with buildings and outhouses at Walkeshwar Road at the foot of Malabar Hill, admeasuring about 985 sq. yds. bearing old Survey No. 17, New Survey No. 3/137288, Survey No. 272 of Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill Division.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the Court Receiver at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE of Tools, hammers, Wrenches, Canvas Covers for Guns, Screw drivers, etc., by order of THE REGIONAL, COMMISSIONER, BOMBAY, on 14/2/50 at 10/30 a. m. (S.T.) at Indian Naval Armament Depot, behind Town Hall, Fort. For catalogues apply to CRAWFORD & CO., 132 Apollo St.

Markel Lights

MARKEL & COMPANY
SANDHURST ROAD
BOMBAY
PHONE — 41603

28 COMMUNIST DETENUS SET FREE

Authorities Overriding Law Of The Land Says Court

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar and Mr. Justice Dixit of the Bombay High Court today set aside the detention orders passed by the Commissioner of Police on Maladatta Bhartan and 27 others alleged to be Communists on habeas corpus petitions presented on their behalf.

Their Lordships observed that it was not permissible to the authorities, under the cloak and guise of the Public Security Act to override the ordinary criminal law of the land and to deprive the subject of the safeguards provided under the law in the matter of investigation.

The detenus were alleged to have formed a procession at De Lisle Road on 8th May last, which when asked by the police to disperse indulged in violence. About 40 persons including the present detenus were arrested and put up before the Presidency Magistrate at Dadar, before whom some evidence was taken and charges framed against some of them. The trial as against the present detenus is still pending before the Magistrate. Soon after their arrest, however, the detenus had been served with detention orders under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act.

The present habeas corpus applications were thereupon filed on behalf of the detenus before the High Court challenging their detention as illegal on the ground that under the guise of orders under the Security Act, they were being detained on the identical grounds on which they were being prosecuted, and secret and improper investigation in violation of the Criminal Procedure Code carried on against them and no periodic remand orders had been obtained from the Magistrate and no identification parades held. Relying on a decision reported in AIR 1945 Nagpur, it was contended on behalf of the detenus that the police were not bound to investigate into the alleged offence and could rest content with detaining them under the Security Act.

If, however, the police wanted to carry on investigation they could do so only in compliance with the Criminal Procedure Code, otherwise it would be a fraud upon the Security Act and their action under that Act would be mala fide, and the detention illegal. It was contended that the Police could not claim the best of both worlds.

Accepting these contentions, their lordships held that the attitude of the authorities in conferring on the detenus the so-called benefit of a magisterial trial was illusory.

In their lordships opinion the authorities could not claim both rights—to detain and at the same time to investigate without the ordinary safeguards laid down by law. Their lordships, therefore, set aside the detention orders but did not express any opinion on the validity of the provisions of the Security Act in view of certain Articles of the new Constitution, in respect of which arguments had been advanced to a Division Bench.

Mr. L. M. Zaveri and Mr. H. S. Bhatt appeared for the petitioners.

The Advocate-General with the Assistant Government Pleader appeared for the Commissioner of Police.

B. C. SHROFF RETURNS FROM LONDON

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. B. C. Shroff returned from England on Wednesday by the Steamer 'Jal Azad'.

He passed his Matriculation Examination from the Elphinstone High

School. He joined the Elphinstone College and passed B.Sc. examination from the Royal Institute of Science. He took the degree of B. Sc. (Tech.) after studying two years in the School of Technology, Bombay.

After serving the Imperial Chemical Industries for two years, he went to England as a Government of India Scholar and Manchester College of Technology and after getting proficiency in the art of finishing passed the examination for M.Sc. (Tech.) degree.

Mr. B. C. Shroff is the son of Mr. C. M. Shroff well-known pleader of Baroda.

Industrial Exhibition Postponed

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The manufacturers industrial exhibition sponsored by the all India manufacturers organisation which was to have been held at New Delhi on February 22 has been postponed to March 6, it was announced today. The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, will open the exhibition.

The tenth annual conference of the All India Manufacturers Organisation will be held at New Delhi on March 7 and 8 and not on February 25 as announced earlier.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya has been elected President of the Organisation for the year 1950.

TRAINING CLASSES IN FISHERIES

Starts From March At Calcutta

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Government of India propose to start Fisheries Training Classes at the Indian Fisheries Research Station at Barrackpore (Calcutta), from March 1, 1950.

Applications for admission to these classes should reach the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, New Delhi, by February 15. Private candidates must submit their applications through the Collectors of Districts concerned.

The Inland Fisheries Course, which is of ten months' duration, is intended to provide training in the general principles and practices of inland fishery work to selected candidates. It is primarily designed to train hands for the posts of Fishery Officers in the subordinate administrative services in the States. Candidates from foreign countries or those intending to take up private employment or develop fishers in their own estates may also be admitted for training.

PURCHASE OF TRACTORS

Loan For Co-operative Societies

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

With a view to meeting the bullock power shortage in the State, the Government of Bombay has decided to advance loans to certain types of co-operative organisations to purchase tractors for the use of agriculturists. Loans will be granted up to 90 per cent of the cost of purchase of tractors to Purchase and Sale Unions, Multi-purpose Societies, Co-operative Farming Societies and Taluka Development Associations.

The loan, which will bear 4 per cent. rate of interest, will be returnable in six yearly instalments. The ownership of tractors, which should be purchased with the approval of the Government, will vest in the Government until the loan is not fully repaid.

Under this scheme, which is designed to encourage the "Grow More Food" campaign, the Government will advance loans to the tune of Rs. 4,50,000 up to March 31, 1951.

REWARD FOR CIVIC SUPERVISORY STAFF

For Extra Work During City Sweepers' Strike

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Municipal Standing Committee at its meeting today sanctioned a sum of Rs. 64,000 to be paid to the supervisory staff in appreciation of the extra work put in by them during the last sweepers' strike. The staff includes employees of the Conservancy Branch, the Markets' Branch and the Drainage Department.

The sum sanctioned by the Committee includes the sum of Rs. 4,000 to be paid as extra bonus equivalent to two months' pay to the Deputy City Engineer, Mr. B. B. Patkar, and the Mechanical Engineer, Mr. N. R. Junnarkar, for the valuable services rendered by them during the difficult period of the strike.

Election To Panchayats Postponed

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. in a press announcement say that pending the deliberations of the A.I.C.C. meeting convened at Delhi on 18th and 19th inst., the election to the Panchayats has been postponed and that the revised time table issued by the President of the B.P.C.C., in so far as the election to Panchayats is concerned, stands cancelled.

The dates for publication of effective membership roll, entertaining claims and objections thereon, if any, and the disposal of these claims and objections by the Credentials Committee, however, remain unaffected.

Warner Bros. Chief In Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

MR. WOLFE COHEN, President of Warner Bros. Pictures International Corporation arrived in Bombay on Monday on the first leg of his visit to Far Eastern nations for a survey of his Company's growing business.

Mr. Cohen proposes to visit Thailand, Singapore, Indonesia, Hong Kong, Japan and Philippines.

He will formulate extensive plans for future operations with Mr. Michael Shathin, the Company's Far Eastern Supervisor, who has also flown to Bombay in this connection.

Mr. Cohen, in the course of an interview, stated that Warner Bros. have definite plans before them and have launched upon a record long-range programme of production and expansion.

"With the unprecedented setup of stars and stories we have, our production clock is fully wound and the hands set in perfect timing to public taste," Mr. Cohen said.

RIGHT OF WAY

IN our homes if there be one vacant seat, we cheerfully and at once give way to—may beg the other to be seated. We consider this ordinary courtesy. On the road or behind the steering wheel do we cease to be gentlemen? No. Let us then, says the WIAA, look to the right and give way to traffic coming from the right.

Ex-Service Women's Welfare Fund

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A large amount of the Ex-service Women's Welfare Fund which was constituted in 1946 out of a donation of Rs. 4 lakhs received from the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund still remains unused. This fund was created with the object of assisting ex-service women with grants for completing their further studies or training, giving them relief in distress and resettling them in civilian life.

The fund is administered by a Committee which includes representatives of the Directorate-General of Resettlement and Employment, Ministry of Labour, Government of India, the National Y.W.C.A. and the Delhi Y.W.C.A. with Mrs. J. Matthai as President.

Government desire that full advantage should be taken by ex-service women of this fund and applications should be addressed to the appropriate Regional Director of Resettlement and Employment.

University School Of Journalism For City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The University of Bombay have under consideration a proposal to start a School of Journalism under its auspices.

The Syndicate of the University has already appointed a committee to prepare a scheme for a diploma course in Journalism to be given in the University School of Economics and Sociology.

WORKING OF CONTROL ON CEMENT

Representatives Of Industry To Discuss Issue In Delhi

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA in the Ministry of Industries Supplies have, U.P.I. learns, convened a conference of representatives of Indian cement interests to be held in New Delhi on February 11 to consider the advisability or otherwise of lifting control on cement in view of increased production and slackening of demands thereof.

About a dozen representatives of the Industry from the Associated Cement Company, the Dalmia Group and the three new units set up last year will attend the Delhi Conference.

While the major section of the cement interests appear to be in favour of complete withdrawal of control on cement, there is another group which seems to prefer partial relaxation in apprehension of prices going down considerably after de-control due to free competition, which, it is stated, might jeopardise the growth of the Industry.

Government's earlier move, it may be mentioned, for evolving a voluntary scheme for distribution and a common marketing pool, proved to be abortive.

INCREASED PRODUCTION

In this connection, U.P.I. enquiries reveal that the total production of cement during the last year was nearly two million tons but this year has recorded an increase of half a million mainly due to the three new units which came into existence last year in Jamnagar, Travancore and Tinnevelli. The consumption, on the other hand, is expected to be much less this year due to curtailment in major Government projects following the general economy drive as well as to lower public demands.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

HUGE BOOTLEGGING RACKET UNEARTHED

Roaring Business In Liquor

A huge bootlegging racket—a precursor to the enforcement of Total Prohibition in the State of Bombay—has been unearthed by the Prohibition Intelligence Branch of the City Police, who have run to earth two ring-leaders of the gang. The men who have been taken into custody are said to have evaded the clutches of the law for quite a long time, and carried on a roaring business in clandestine sales of smuggled liquor from Portuguese possessions contiguous to territories in the State of Bombay.

They were apprehended in dramatic circumstances on Monday night in an inpenetrable jungle in Madha Island, 20 miles off Bombay, where a naval establishment is the only solitary feature of civilisation.

The men who are described as notorious smugglers are alleged to have unwittingly sold a Police Officer 516 bottles of luscious Portuguese and Mexican liquors, when the latter is said to have struck a deal with them disguised as a wealthy Parsi "sethia."

Inspector Kanga of the Prohibition Police received information that large-scale smuggling of foreign liquors was going on and that the men engaged in this nefarious trade were minting fabulous profits by bootlegging, and running "speakeasies" in different parts of the city, where the initiated could go for their evening's spot of grog.

What was not sold as retail stuff was sold in whole bottles at prices ranging from 23 rupees to 27 rupees, per bottle, the price fluctuating and taking an upward trend according to the laws of demand and supply.

Earlier on Monday Inspector Kanga, who simulated the role of the Parsi "sethia" contacted the ringleaders of the gang and negotiations were started for the purchase of bulk liquor for the Navjot ceremony of his son.

The deal was struck with Namdev Ramji and Pedro Andrews who agreed to supply the customer on Monday night 516 bottles of liquor at Madh island. Kanga was taken to a thick jungle in the island at night. The two men went to a particular spot a rendezvous that had been fixed earlier, in the jungle and dug out a gunny bag containing several bottles of liquor from underground. Then they were loaded in a lorry by Gandevi Dharma and Havalya Budha. As the lorry was driven off with the contents, Deputy Commissioner Rajadhyaksha and Superintendent Pathan, who were lying in wait, not far away in another car, suddenly swooped on the unwary smugglers and caught them red-handed while accepting money.

The men tried to resist and elude the Police grip, but they were overpowered and placed under arrest.

City Congress Worker Dies Of Heart Failure

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Sardar Balwant Singh Dodhy, a Congress worker and a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, died here this morning of a heart attack.

BRITISH JET EXPERT TO VISIT BOMBAY

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (PTI).—Sir Frank Whittle, the British jet expert, who has been in Delhi since January 21, left today for Calcutta where he will inspect the airport facilities to see if they will be adequate for the De Havilland Jet Comet airliner which BOAC hope to introduce on the Indian route next year.

After a short stay in Calcutta, Sir Frank will go to Bombay.

A Beautiful Souvenir

On January 26, 1950, Republic Day, the Godrej, Boyce & Co., Bombay brought out a beautiful souvenir in the shape of a photograph of Mahatma Gandhi, printed on art card. The Godrej, Boyce & Co., have distributed these photographs to their friends, acquaintances and business associates.

The Government of India, in consultation with the Union Public Service Commission have decided that the training under the 'Bevin Scheme' should not be recognised as equivalent to a degree or a diploma in mechanical engineering for purposes of employment under the Central Government.

IN RESPONSE TO POPULAR DEMAND

A. R. KARDAR'S MUSICAL HIT

DARD

SURAIYA, MUNAWAR SULTANA, Music: NAUSHAD

FROM TODAY AT EXCELSIOR

TODAY....BHAGWAN in a Thrilling Comedy.

PYAR-KI-RAAT

BABURAO, LEELA GUPTE.

FROM TODAY

NEW ROSHAN

DAILY Thurs. to Sun. 11-45, 2, 4-45 7-15 & 10 p.m.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Magh Vad 7, 2006.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 21, 1369.
Parsi: Shehrever 10, 1319.
Sunrise: 7-10 a.m. Sunset: 6-36 p.m.
Hightide: 04-01, 17-18. Lowtide: 10-32, 22-42.

Domestic Occurence

DEATH

FERREIRA—Doris (nee-Roper of Broad Chalke, Salisbury, England) wife of D. A. Ferreira, Bar-at-Law of the Bombay Port Trust, at her residence at 53, St. Paul's Road, Bandra on 7th Feb. 1950.

ROPER—Mrs. Mabel Dorothy (of Broad Chalke, Salisbury, England) at her residence at 53, St Paul's Road, Bandra on 6th Feb. 1950.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting 3-39 p.m.

SAIFI HIGH SCHOOL: Annual prize distribution function at the C. J. Hall, 4 p.m.

LECTURE by Prof. BRADLAW of Royal College of Surgeons, on 'Oral Pathology' 9th Feb., 9 a.m., at Grant Medical College Physiology Theatre. A.I.D.A. Members invited.

SOCIETY OF THE HONORARY PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE: Tea Party to meet the Governor of Bombay at the Governor's Pavilion, C.C.I. 5-30 p.m.

A.M.A. EDUCATIONAL LTD.: Educational films at the Royal Asiatic Society 6 p.m.

Y.M.C.A.: Brain Trust 6-30 p.m.

TODAY'S RADIO

THURSDAY, Feb. 9.

Air News From Delhi

English—8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6, 9; Gujarati. 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. 6-10 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m. 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m.; Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. 8; Tamil 7-15 am. 2 p.m. 7-15 p.m.; Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 p.m

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee, 7-35 Physical education, 7-40 Today's programme; 7-45 Sumen Shroff, G. geet, 8-15 S. Shukla, Ahir Bhairav, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 S. Shroff, G. geet, 1-10 Garba and geet, 1-40 Dance music, 5-0 p.m. Hindi by Radio, 5-20 A. N. Ullal, flute, 5-30 For children, E. 6-10 A. Khan, puria, 6-20 N. Patankar, shree, 7-0 Day's topic, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 K. Sagoon, Vocal, 7-30 H. V. Kadlur, Gaud Malhar, 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 Talk in G, 8-45 S. Vaidya, "Inami Mehman", G, 9-15 A. N. Ullal, flute, 9-30 Film songs, 10-0 Silloo Panthaki, violin, 10-30 E. Don Dahnanyi, piano.

VARIATIONS

8-0 a.m. A. N. Ullal, flute, 8-45 N. Patankar, pad, 1-0 p.m. Abhang and gaulan, 1-30 Garba and geet, 1-50 For women, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 6-0 Tarana, 6-20 For rural listeners, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 N. Patankar, pad, 9-0 H. V. Kadlur, K. songs, 10-0 S. Shukla, puria.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. As in Ahmedabad, 7-40 Physical education, 7-45 R. Dave, todi, 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 8-30 Roshan Khambata, vilambit and D. Kalyam, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 5-45 R. Dave, geet, 6-10 Hindi lessons, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 As in Ahmedabad, 7-15 K. B. Dave, architectural beauties of Achalghad, G, 7-30 Instr. duet by Potkar and Chhote, 7-45 Roshan Khambata, G. songs, 8-0 Geet lahari, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Roshan Khambata, vilambit and put Kalyan, 8-45 As in Ahmedabad, 9-30 Pstad F. Khan, rare rages.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. U. Trivedi, rag aheer bhairav, 7-40 Physical education, 7-45 Jayaben Patel's party, garba, 8-15 Bhairavi, 8-30 As in Baroda, 5-30 p.m. U. Trivedi, flute, 5-45 As in Baroda, 6-10 Hindi lessons, 6-30 Jayaben Patel's party, raas, 6-45 U. Trivedi, flute, 7-0 Lest you forget, 7-15 K. B. Dave, architectural, beauties of Achalgady, G, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Jayaben Patel's party, geet, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 As in Baroda, 8-45 N. Dave, kavya sangeet, 9-30 As in Baroda.

B. B. C.

THURSDAY, Feb. 9.

BBC News schedule and Metre Bands; 6-30 a.m.—31 and 41; 8-30—31 and 41; 9-30—31, 11-30—19 and 25, 12-30 p.m.—13 and 19; 4-30—13 and 16; 6-30—13 and 16; 9-30—10 and 31.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE:

6-45 Gerald Barry speaking. 7 Donald Peers. 7-30 Land and Livestock. 8 British Empire Games. 8-15 Balance of Europe. 8-45 Philadelphia Orchestra. 9-40 Programme Parade. 10 Primo Scala and His Accordeon Band. 10-30 Have a Go. 11 Sports Review. 11-45 Listeners' Choice. 11-45 Music from Grand Hotel. 12-45 p.m. Programme Parade. 1 Listeners' Choice. 1-30 Commonwealth Journey. 2-15 Merchant Navy Newsletter. 2-30 Symphony of Strings. 3 BBC Northern Orchestra. 3-30 British Empire Games. 3-45 Science and Everyday Life. 4 Ralph Elman and his Bohemian Players. 4-45 Sporting Record. 5 Music Magazine 5-15 Generally Speaking. 5-30 From the Editorials. 5-45 Eve Becke. 6 Books to Read. 6-15 Film Review. 6-45 Montmartre Players. 7 The Women's Programme. 7-30 Radio Newsreel. 7-45 Scrapbook for 1899. 8-45 Ray Martin. 9-15 Special Despatch. 9-45 New Records 10-30 Observation Post.

EASTERN SERVICE:

7-30 p.m. Tamilosai. 7-45 The News and News Talk. 8 Behnon ki Khidmat Men. 8-15 Sunne ki Baten. 8-30 Sabras.

In Krishna's Pose

Smt. Rukmini Devi in Krishna's pose playing flute.

"KUMARASAMBHAVAM" AS "R" DAY BALLET

Rukmini Devi To Give Three Recitals In City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Smti. Rukmini Devi who is opening her dance season in Bombay on 10th inst. addressed press representatives today at the residence of Mr. F. S. Mulla, New Marine Lines. Asked about the presentation of her ballet "Kumarasambhavam" in Delhi on the "R" Day, Rukmini Devi said that it was a 'command performance' over which President Rajendraprasad presided. Pt. Jawaharlal Cabinet Ministers and diplomats were present and the ballet was warmly received. Pt. Nehru was eloquent over its success and invited the artistes to his house, when they entertained him with music and dance. At the request of the pressmen, Rukmini Devi read out the letter written by Pandit Jawaharlal eulogising her and Kalakshetra artistes for their services in the cause of classic art.

Asked about the production of "Kumarasambhavam" Rukmini said that she meditated on Kalidasa's play for six years and produced it in ten days. She said that it was difficult to interpret the cosmic and the poetic of Kalidasa's masterpiece, but for the team spirit and finished training of her pupils. She said that in Kalakshetra she taught them not only dance, but also music and allied subjects essential to make a good dancer. She also paid a tribute to "Tiger" K. Varadachari, who died only last week and who was mainly responsible for the musical scores and compositions. After the address, Kumari Sharda, one of her pupils gave a demonstration of Bharatnatya Abhinaya which was appreciated.

Rukmini Devi is scheduled to give the first recital at Poddar College Hall, Matunga on the 10th inst, the second at the Government House on the 15th, and the third at the Excelsior Theatre on the 16th inst. All the recitals will be under the patronage of Rani Maharaj Singh.

WIDESPREAD RAIN IN EAST PUNJAB

All-India Weather

POONA, Feb. 8. (PTI): Following is the weather summary for Wednesday: A western disturbance lies this morning as a depression over the West Punjab with central region between Montgomery and Lahore. It is likely to move north-eastwards. Under its influence, there have been widespread thunders-showers in the East Punjab and local showers in Assam and scattered showers in sub-Himalayan West Bengal.

Night temperatures were markedly above normal in north-west India and appreciably above normal in the West United Provinces, the central parts of the country and in Assam.

Following is the weather chart on February 8:—

Ahmedabad 86 61 0 0 minus 0.1, Ajmer 80 TR P P minus 0.7, Allahabad 79 53 0 1.0 minus 0.3, Bangalore 89 60 0 0 minus 0.7, Baroda 90 57 0 0 minus 0.1, Bhopal 83 64 0 0 minus 0.5, Bhuj — 67 0 0 minus 0.2, BOMBAY 84 68 0 0 minus 0.2, Calcutta 87 62 0 0 minus 0.8, Cherrapunji 56 46 T 0.4 minus 1.1, Cochin 85 73 0 0.1 minus 2.6, Cuttack 93 66 0 0 minus 0.7, Dehra Dun 67 51 0.4 5.2 plus 1.1, Delhi 74 58 T 0.6 minus 1.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 94 59 0 0 minus 0.7, Indore 86 57 0 0 minus 0.5, Karachi 78 69 0 0.5 minus 0.4, Lahore 64 49 0.4 2.0 plus 0.2, Mussoori 48 36 0.7 4.8 minus 1.0, Mysore 89 61 0 0 minus 0.6, Nagpur 91 59 0 0 minus 1.0, Patna 77 53 0 0.4 minus 0.6, Patiala 70 55 0.2 2.9 —, Poona 95 55 0 0 minus 0.3, Rajkot 88 62 0 0 minus 0.3, Ranchi 80 51 0 0.1 minus 1.4, Simla 50 35 0.4 6.7 plus 2.1.

The Pulse Of The City

BREAD AND BUTTER: Presidency Magistrate J. M. Barot sentenced Jamshed Mayer Irani, Cashier of Hero's Bakery at Bazargate Street, to undergo three months' R.I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 500, on Wednesday. According to the prosecution, the accused collected the bread coupons from customers in an unauthorised way.

ARRESTED: The Princess Street Police arrested on Tuesday Ganpat Kurshaliram and Gajanan Mulchand Maheswar on a charge of accepting satta bets.

BEWARE! Wholesale chemists and Drug Houses are advised to be on the look-out for bogus orders of well-known firms of retail chemists supported by open cheques of a savings bank nature. The C.I.D. officials stated that during the past few weeks several of the leading business houses have been duped by the production of orders endorsed with rubber stamped endorsements purporting to be the letter heads of retail merchants. A cheque has been rendered in payment, invariably of a savings bank account, which is subsequently dishonoured. Merchants are requested to inform the police when they receive orders from persons whose bona-fides are not well-established.

SHORT-LIVED FREEDOM: Balan alias Kadar Govind, who had been arrested some time back in connection with a series of house-breaking and theft cases and who subsequently escaped along with eight other prisoners from the Phalton Road Police lock-up was rearrested Tuesday.

SUICIDE: Vittabai Savatram, a middle-aged woman residing at Princes Street committed suicide, Tuesday The woman went to her mother's house on Tuesday morning at Chira Bazar and after pouring kerosene oil on her sari she set fire to it. She was removed to hospital but died soon after admission.

NO WORK, NO LIFE: Sadasiv Shambu, a young man residing at Byculla made an attempt to commit suicide by swallowing poison, on Tuesday. It is alleged that Sadasiv swallowed a strong doze of 'Dhatura' poison and immediately left his home. A little later he was found lying unconscious on the road and removed to K.E.M. hospital by his relatives. Sadasiv made a statement to the police that he was unemployed for a long time and was tired of life. Presidency Magistrate Nasrulla at the Mazagaon Police Court before whom Sadasiv was produced on Wednesday, allowed him bail.

POSE: Manilal Mangaldas Patel and Bachoobhai Babhubhai were arrested on Tuesday by the Princess Street Police on a charge of cheating and abetment in respect of Rs. 500. It is alleged that Manilal went to a cloth shop at Dadar on Tuesday evening posed himself as a big merchant and placed orders for cloth worth Rs. 500. He wanted the cloth shop owner to send a man to carry the goods and collect cash from his home at Kalbadevi. Accordingly, a shop servant accompanied him with the goods to Kalbadevi. When they reached Princess Street, the second accused Bachoobhai met them. The cloth was handed over to Bachoobhai who suddenly disappeared from the place. After a while, it is reported that Manilal also dodged the shop merchant and absconded. Police arrested both the accused late in the night.

ROBBED: A shopkeeper at Gunbow Street, was robbed of wrist watches worth Rs. 748 when a person pretending to buy them threw chilli powder into his eyes and disappeared with a box of watches. Lek Mohammed, the alleged culprit, was subsequently apprehended by the police. The stolen property was also recovered from him.

NO GAMBLING: In a surprise raid, the Agripada police on Tuesday night arrested six persons found gambling with cards at Fat Aban buildings. The Maharbouri police arrested the same evening four persons on a similar charge, at Dena Building, Falkland Road and seized some marked money from one of them.

ON THE LOOK OUT: Mohamed Husein, a middle-aged servant employed by Ahmed Haji Abdul Marin, a wealthy dealer in watches, is now wanted by the city police for alleged criminal breach of trust to the extent of nearly Rs. 5,000.

ROBBERY: The Maharbouri police produced on Wednesday morning Mohammed Enoos and Ramchandra, two of an alleged gang of robbers before Presidency Magistrate Mahimtura.

BIBLE SOCIETY: The annual meeting of the Bible Society of India, an auxiliary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, was held on Tuesday evening in the Robinson Memorial Church, Sankli Street.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 470 VEHICLES AND 18 TRACTORS

AT VEHICLE DEPOT, DEHU ROAD.
On 13th, 14th & 15th February, 1950, at 10 A.M.

DESCRIPTION: TRUCKS Ford, Chevrolet, Leyland, Retriever, Humbe Thornicraft, Crossley, Studebaker, Dodge, Morris, Austin, 8 cwt., 15 cwt., 30 cwt., 2½ ton, 3 ton, 5 ton. WATER TANKERS Chev., Dodge, 220 gallons, 450 gallons. PETROL TANKERS 950 gallons, Bedford PASSENGER BUS Ford AMPHIBIOUS 5 cwt. 4x2 Ford. TRAILER 3 ton, 5 ton SEMI TRAILER for lorry 6 ton 1500 gallons TRACTORS Ford, Crossley, Morris, Mack. AUCTION CATALOGUE constituting a permit to view the stores obtainable from the auctioneer M/s. Craven Son & Co., 1 A, Arsenal Road, Poona, or this office free of charge. Inspection from 6th Feb., 1950.

Export allowed to permissible destinations.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS)
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AC/RCD-B/92.

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The Bombay Chronicle

U. N.'S FAILURE

The failure of General MacNaughton's proposal for a settlement of the Kashmir controversy springs from his reluctance to pronounce judgment on the "controversial issues of the dispute". The Government of India's reference to the United Nations was made with the intention of securing a clearcut decision on the rights and wrongs of the controversy. A series of evasions on the part of the U.N. Commission encouraged Pakistan to fresh extravagances until the responsibility of the Government of that Dominion for the troubles in Kashmir was established beyond doubt. Beginning with admitting "responsibility for the political bolstering of the "Azad Kashmir Government", Pakistan passed to declaring that the Pakistan Army Command was responsible for the direction and over-all control of the "Azad Kashmir forces". Later it was even stated that these "forces" were a part of the Pakistan Army. By all these signs, Pakistan declared itself the aggressor in Kashmir. The only response on the United Nations side was an attempt to place both India and Pakistan on the same level and to ask for a gradual withdrawal of forces from Kashmir. As Sheikh Abdulla, the Premier of Kashmir, openly said, the U.N. Commission by giving different explanations to the Governments of India and Pakistan involved itself in utter confusion and brought the controversy to its present stalemate. General MacNaughton has contributed nothing to the solution of the question because he has refused to go into the rights and wrongs of it. He has indicated a way out which is unacceptable to both Dominions without drastic amendments. Both India and Pakistan have indicated the changes which they require and both have again said that these amendments are unacceptable to either side. In the circumstances, General MacNaughton has indicated that the Security Council should determine the "further procedure to settle this dispute."

In his recent press conference, Pandit Jawaharlal stated that he would welcome a full discussion of all the facts. It is both time that it should be done and very necessary. The Kashmir conflict was not in any way a complicated one. The issue is very clear. India went into Kashmir at the request of the established Government there for the succour of the people of Kashmir. Pakistan is in Kashmir as an intruder and, therefore, aggressor. The accession of Kashmir to the Indian Union has been made tentative by the Government of India in order that the wishes of the Kashmiris might be declared in a free and fair plebiscite. That means that the only decision that can undo the accession is the decision of the Kashmir people expressed without outside influence. The situation has been misunderstood by the United Nations and this has encouraged Pakistan to stake its claims inordinately high. Has the Indian reference to the U.N. lost India the right to implement the accession when she sees that the chances of a free plebiscite are obstructed by Pakistan, abetted by the United Nations? It would be absurd to contend that it has. We have seen since the last year and a half when the reference was made that the United Nations is unable to end the dispute. The initiative will have to be regained by the Government of India, not in order to acquire territory but in the very interests of the people of Kashmir themselves. A state of continued uncertainty cannot be very desirable for any people. For the Kashmiris who are hedged in by the menacing forces of Pakistan, it is sheer agony. Since the accession of Kashmir was kept tentative in the interests of the Kashmiris and not for the prestige of India nor for the favour of world opinion, it can be set aside by the Indian Government in the very same cause. The time has come for India to declare her intention and go ahead with plans for completing the accession. Let us not delay over this vital issue any longer. The United Nations can no doubt take care of itself and of the situation which is the logical consequence of its inability to make up its mind.

Raw Cotton Shortage

The acute shortage of the supply of raw cotton in this country has become a vexed question with the Government and those interested in the textile trade. Indian mills require about 4 million bales of raw cotton every year; this year production in this country is about 2-3/4 million bales. Thus we are compelled to import the balance of 1-1/4 million bales from foreign countries at considerably higher price as compared to the control price in this country. Sir Purshottamdas, President of the East India Cotton Association, often warned the Government about the prospective shortage of raw cotton; but the Government was more interested in "grow more food" and did not take his warning seriously. But the law of supply and demand is no worshipper of any Government; in the past two years our textile industry was fed on carry-overs of previous years. If the Government had paid careful attention to the situation in developing their uneconomic policy of price control, perhaps the country would have been saved from the necessity of importing raw cotton when we are in great need of foreign exchange to balance our import and export trade. The present raw cotton prices fixed by the Government have no bearing on the cost of production. They have no bearing on even existing prices of other agricultural produce prices. Thus the cotton-growers were penalised for no fault of theirs and naturally they were not anxious to improve their yield per acre. The yield of lint cotton is about 100 lbs. per acre as against 280 lbs. in the United States. This goes to prove that there is enough room to increase our yield per acre to produce the required quantity of raw cotton. In some quarters it is suggested that we should increase the area under cotton cultivation but this in turn will adversely affect the food situation. With necessary impetus to cotton-growers and guaranteed fair price, the situation can be improved to some extent.

It is high time that the Government introduces parity prices for agricultural produce in this country, taking into consideration the cost of production and adequate margin of profits to agriculturists. While fixing the price of manufactured goods the Government takes into consideration cost, profit to industry and even allowance for depreciation for machinery. But in the case of agriculture no realistic view is ever taken and no provision is made to keep up the fertility of land. Thus our land is impoverished and the agriculturist who is denied a just return on his pursuit, has no heart in his work. Thus the Government must undo arbitrary price control and create necessary impetus among cotton growers by providing free loans to buy necessary implements and provide them with scientific manure at a subsidised price to enrich the impoverished land. It is not only the acreage which produces cotton crop that needs intensive cultivation; and rainfall and weather play an important part as well. There also is the danger of damage by insect pest. All these factors need minute consideration and the Government machinery has no knowledge of them. Thus Government must seek advice from genuine cotton-growers and not from the so-called representatives who are not actual cotton-growers. No Government plan, even though it may be high sounding will ever succeed without effective co-operation from cotton-growers; and those in authority must admit the failure of the controls imposed on millions of cotton-growers, without considering their viewpoint.

Cleansing Assam

Though the State of Assam brought to the notice of the Central Government the alarming influx of Pakistan Muslims into its territory, as far back as 1948, India did not take any drastic action, in order to do everything in a constitutional manner. There were conferences and discussions with Pakistan but without any effect. Between August 15, 1947 and November 1949 as many as 4.5 lakhs of Muslims have crossed over the Pakistan border and occupied land forcibly. Ninety-nine per cent of them are illegal immigrants. Among them are, it is reported, Pakistan soldiers, spies and propagandists. They have increased their number, further, by marrying among and converting many tribal people. Their main object is to increase the number of Muslims in that state so that the next elections will see them outnumbering the Hindus. They are also making common cause with the Communists, who are operating in the tribal area. Now the Central Government has introduced a Bill in the Parliament to check this flood of undesirables. In the meanwhile, an ordinance is being issued for immediate effect as the Bill will take sometime to go through the Parliament. The deterioration in relations between Pakistan and India has dashed all hopes of peaceful solution of this problem and the Government will now have to oust these uninvited guests forcibly. This process is not going to be pleasant as these men are well entrenched and would look for aid from across the border. Already there have been incidents where Pakistan soldiers have crossed into Indian territory and looted and terrorized border villages. The ordinance will have to be enforced firmly if it is to achieve its object. Assam has already to look after 20 lakh displaced persons from East Bengal and if these unauthorised interlopers are allowed to stay and keep the land they have occupied forcibly, then it will be very difficult for that state to settle their refugee problem. Also the continued existence of these undesirable immigrants will be a "Fifth Column" on Indian territory and prove a menance to the safety and tranquillity of the Republic.

Thought For The Day

Combine seriousness with child-like naivete. Live in harmony with all. Give up all idea of egoism, and entertain no sectarian views. Useless wrangling is a great sin.

—VIVEKANANDA.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, Feb. 7: The Indian Prime Minister's reference to Goa in the Indian Parliament yesterday did not get into Portuguese newspapers on account of censorship blanket, according to information received in London.

PTI-Reuter.

* * *

Mr. B. N. Rau, India's delegate, told the U.N. Security Council that General McNaughton's proposals for a plebiscite "agreement" in Kashmir had ignored the "legal and moral aspect of the question".

But naturally. It was what the proposals were meant to do.

* * *

"Today the position", Mr. Rau pointed out, "is that Pakistan, which throughout 1948 denied having given any aid either to the invaders or to the Azad Kashmir forces, is now itself not only an invader but is in actual occupation of nearly half the area of a State without any lawful authority from any source".

And thanks to the U.N. Kashmir Commission and General McNaughton, tomorrow the position may well be that India and Kashmir may themselves be declared aggressors.

* * *

Explaining his brilliant efforts, General McNaughton says he was inspired by two main considerations, namely, that any measure of agreement already achieved between India and Pakistan should not be discarded and, secondly, that he should concentrate on appropriate arrangements for the future rather than pronounce judgment on the controversial issues of the dispute".

And what a concentration! And how appropriate the arrangements which turned "controversial issues" upside down without being "pronounced" on.

* * *

The policy of detention", the Indian White Paper on commercial relations with Pakistan complains: "was applied not merely to Pakistan jute purchased by the Indian mills but also to Assam jute which was in transit through Pakistan to India".

The Assam jute was detained because while inside Pakistan it might possibly have acquired Pakistan nationality. We mean to say—well, you know what we mean.

* * *

FUTURE OF SINKIANG

—Headline.

Doubly bright Red.

* * *

Dr. Robert Hans Havemann, a leading East Berlin physicist, says that Russia has "probably mastered" a new type of chain reaction that is better than the Hydrogen Bomb.

No harm in suggesting that. In any case, it won't be denied.

* * *

Liberals, the nation's ruling party, as a PTI-Reuter message from London points out, a generation ago, but reduced latterly to 10 members in Parliament, are re-struggling to stage a come-back with over 400 candidates in the election.

Little wonder that Mr. Winston Churchill, struggling so vigorously to stage a come-back himself, is annoyed with the Liberals.

BOOKS OF TODAY

Kashmir's journey to freedom. by J. N. Zutshi for the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference. Pages 16.
Sheikh Abdulla—His life and ideals. Published by J. N. Zutshi for the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference. Pages 20.
Under Sheikh Abdulla Kashmir goes Ahead. Published by Zutshi for the Jammu and Kashmir Government. Pages 10.
State vs. The Rebel.. Published by the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference. Pages 16.
Fight for Kashmir. By Dewan Ram Prakash. Forword by Sheikh Abdulla Tagore Memorial Publications, Delhi. Pages 288. Price Rs. 6.
Defending Kashmir. The Publications Division, Delhi. Pages 193. Price Rs. 5/8.
Background of the Kashmir problem. Vernon Lock London.
Great Indians by S. Radhakrishnan. Hind Kitabs Ltd. Bombay. Price Rs. 2, Pages 103.
Our education. By Nalini Sarker. Century Press, Calcutta. Pages 65. Price Rs. 1/12.

Kashmir has been famed throughout history for its loveliness. But it was not its beauty or its attraction for the tourist that brought it in the news in the spring and summer of 1946. Another aspect was constantly thrust before the eyes of millions. It was ugly in the extreme, compounded of extreme poverty and misery and what has been called by Nehru "fierce suppression of the unhappy people of the State." "Soon Kashmir became symbolic of the States of India where there was ferment and seething discontent, and people of other States looked with sympathy towards the people of Kashmir."

The pamphlets under review describe this journey to freedom. Published as they are by the National Conference which came into existence in 1939 as the mouthpiece of the 4 million people living in the State of Jammu and Kashmir, they envisage the early revolt of the peasants against the Maharaja's Government, the rise of the young rebel Sher-i-Kashmir who soon became the outstanding symbol of the urge of the Kashmir people for their freedom and has since then occupied the political stage, the birth of the National Conference, the Quit Kashmir plan, Sheikh Abdullah's arrest and release, the standstill agreement with Pakistan, the onset of raiders into the country, India's attitude and the final problem of accession of the State as well as the discussions before the Security Council, world-wide repercussions and the arbitration proposals that have hitherto failed.

This in itself makes a whole story, which though strangely familiar, makes interesting reading. The highlight of this story are the pamphlets dealing with the trial of Sheikh Abdullah and his plea of 'Not Guilty' with its reverberating cry of "Quit Kashmir," his early baptism into the reality of poverty and the progress of Kashmir during the first year of his holding power. Land reforms, relief and rehabilitation and health services all seem to have received an impetus.

More vivid and graphic are the other two books "Fight for Kashmir" and "Defending Kashmir." They narrate the woeful tale of a bleeding country suffering under the throes of invasion and war, when cities were stripped of their wealth and women and houses were burned down. The Indian Army and Air Force which went into action in Kashmir at a short notice had it seems, to fight against many odds. Their exploits at Naushera and the relief of Punch and many other battles along the Jammu-Srinagar Front are here presented in detail. Further the many excellent illustrations make "Defending Kashmir" a valuable record of a recent phase of Indian history.

Throughout these pamphlets and books the compilers rely very heavily on the speeches of Pandit Nehru and Sheikh Abdullah and on actual reproductions of the correspondence that formed part and parcel of the India-Pakistan negotiations.

The last pamphlet "Background of the Kashmir Problem," however, takes the opposite standpoint and examines the question mainly from the standpoint of Pakistan stressing on the dependence of the State on Pakistan and on Pakistan's repeated attempts to bring about an amicable solution of the entire problem. It is a plea for a peaceful resolution of the dispute by the democratic method of a free and impartial plebiscite.

The Spirit Of Religion

Religious men whose faith is stronger than their reason will turn to the eminent Hindu philosopher Dr. Radhakrishnan, who is already looked up to by many in the light of an Acharya of ancient times—"for having painted in warm colours to their intellect what already lay painted to their heart and imagination."

Like the true Hindu philosopher, the writer undertakes to defend not this religion or that religion but the spirit which lies behind all religions, and defends the inalienable rights of religious experience against every kind of attack made against it in modern times. However, while the ancients took their stand on what they termed scriptural revelation, he takes his on the religious experience of the saints, sages and mystics.

In the present volume are brought together Radhakrishnan's lectures and essays on four great Indians—Mahatma Gandhi, Ramana Maharshi, Ramakrishna Paramahansa and Rabindranath Tagore, whose philosophy of life and eternal message he expounds. "The greatness of Gandhi is more in his holy living than in his heroic struggle, in his insistence on the creative power of the soul and its life-giving quality at a time when the destructive forces are in the ascendant," says Radhakrishnan in an enlightening introduction to the Mahatma's life. In fact, goes on to prove—Gandhi's greatest activities,—among them Satyagraha,—were rooted in the power of reality, in the inward strength of the soul. The case of Tagore, as Radhakrishnan points out, in his Presidential address, is no more different. Though he is

(Continued on Page 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

"Cold War" Ends

The news that the two major parties in the Corporation—the Congress and the Socialist—have ended the "Cold War" and settled their differences, will be welcomed by all. We hope that our city fathers will settle down to their primary business of managing the city affairs more efficiently. For sometime there has been a tendency to bring in politics and score over each other with an eye to the next elections. We are glad that both the parties have realised that this playing to the gallery, instead of pleasing city people may antagonise them. We all will be grateful and the city will profit immensely if the Corporators concentrate on their civic duties.

Cutting Their Nose

Two gentlemen, Mr. Osman Ali, Secretary Transvaal Muslim League and Mr. I. Doom, member of the Natal Muslim Council's Executive, have issued a joint statement welcoming the lifting of Pakistan's trade ban against South Africa. This welcome amounts to cutting one's own nose in order to spite the face of India.

India and Pakistan had a trade ban against South Africa for the immediate reason that the White Government of South Africa, pursuing its racial policy—an insult to both India and Pakistan and an insult that was felt as such by both — had launched on further legislative restrictions and discrimination against Indians in South Africa. The trade ban was imposed as a protest against that further legislation and the White Government of South Africa was specifically told that the ban would be lifted if that Government suspended the particular legislation pending the settlement of the dispute over the position of Indians, including Pakistanis, in South Africa. The legislation was never suspended. Indeed, the White Government had been all this time declaring publicly its intention to go further, practically all out, in the pursuit of what it regards as its fundamental objective, "Apartheid", namely, segregation and denial in perpetuity of any considerable rights—let alone full—of citizenship to coloured inhabitants, Indian as well as Africans. Malan and others have also publicly declared their determination to get rid of the Indian and Pakistani inhabitants of South Africa the vast majority of whom have been there for some generations. All this has been done and announced while the dispute between India and Pakistan on the question of racial discrimination against Indians has been before the United Nations.

Amazing Phenomenon

In the circumstances, the least that the aggrieved countries could do as a protest against further racial discrimination was to break off trade relations. And both did it as a matter of honour and principle. If White South Africa thought some action was necessary to help in producing a favourable psychological atmosphere and was honest about it, why did the Union Government not offer to suspend the legislation objected to, which would certainly have resulted simultaneously in the lifting of the trade ban? The South African Government did not. To welcome what, in the absence of any gesture from the other side, is no more than a humiliating retreat is to welcome the swallowing of racial and national honour and self-respect. But these two gentlemen do not stop even at that degrading welcome. They go further, object to the South African Indian Congress protest against Pakistan's gesture and, in, we take it, full possession of their senses, argue thus: "a minority such as the Indian, compromising one in forty-five of the South African population, cannot live by hatred, arrogance and insolence". They know what treatment they and their fellow-Indians in South Africa are being subjected to and are being threatened with for the future. And yet they describe any protest arising directly out of that treatment as "arrogance and insolence". Not to submit to racial humiliations is, according to them, "arrogance and insolence!" Is there any deeper and more contemptible depth of self-abasement which any self-respecting human being can plumb? Messrs Osman Ali and I. Doom are such an amazing phenomenon that it is difficult to believe it. But it is there.

Wrong Notions

Speaking at Sangli Mr. B. S. Hirey, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, admitted that there was a tendency to defy law and order and that the prestige and awe about the administration had to some extent decreased. Such defiance, he added, occurs in the primary stage of the democracy due to wrong notions about people's raj. Mr. Hirey was referring to the situation in South Satara District. If this was just due to frolic and exuberance generated by new freedom it would not have been so dangerous. But the roots of these go deeper. In the old days officials, both civil and police, ruled unhindered by public feeling or opinion. They had their directions and as long as they maintained law and order and collected the required revenue, there was no one to seriously question their actions. But with the coming of Swaraj some Congressmen have started actively interfering with the administration and threatening officials with appeals to the Ministers directly. While it was a welcome departure that the common people had a say in the administration on the other hand it hampered normal transaction of official business. The police and other officials became diffident about taking decisive action, fearing that they would be asked to submit explanations. This has resulted in slow down of all official business. The number of undetected crimes has increased and a lot of investigations are kept pending. Though officials may have become by force more honest today, the standard of efficiency has gone down considerably because of their anxiety to be on good terms with the local politicians and reluctance to put into force any locally unpopular measures. Mr. Hirey has appealed to the people — Congressmen and non-Congressmen — in the Satara District to supply him with information so that he can issue an authoritative statement. We hope that Mr. Hirey reaches to the roots of the problem and brings to light all factors responsible for the unsettled conditions in Satara. It is for Mr. Hirey and the M.P.C.C. to expose the intrigues of the communalists, the arrogance of a section of the people, the mischievous activities of opposition parties, the meddling by the local Congressmen and the inability of the officials to handle the situation. Mr. Hirey's statement will be awaited with interest.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

A Wreath

May I join with you, Sir, in placing a little wreath on the memory of "D. R." whose The Open Air in the Chronicle was always a source of quiet pleasure to me? It was one of the most unobtrusive columns I have ever turned to read, and its charm was the charm of woods and rills, the starry sky and the lonely nine. In this dust-encrusted city, where hustle and hurry seem to choke all sensitive souls, even a passing thought of the forgotten God's own spaces is a refreshing experience, and to read of another's experiences and observations has been wholesome joy. I am neither a keen bird-watcher nor an expert identifier of flowers and hence, perhaps, my pleasure was all the greater, and my loss will be the greater, too. There are hundreds of naturalists' names that a student can think up, but none strikes me now as keenly as those of Donald Cuirose Peattie and John Stewart Collis, whose graceful words are comparable to D. R.'s delicate nature stories. Would it be too earthy of me to hope for The Open Air would appear in book form?

—MU THETA.

A Task

Our progress, our liberty and our achievements will only be worth living —when there is food in every home in the villages, when there is enough cloth to cover the shame of naked body and when there is milk enough to feed the hungry children and roofing shelter of protection for every man from sun and rain.

Will our Republic pay its tributes to improve these prime necessities.

Hubli.

—B. G. TAPAS.

Republican Citizenship

The success of an administration in a republic depends largely upon the degree of civic sense its citizens have developed. Now India is a republic, hence its citizens must develop a proper sense of duty towards one another and learn to respect the law of the land and equal rights of others. It will be wrong to think that simply because a republican constitution has been framed, we shall be able to enjoy the advantages and civic rights enjoyed by the citizens of Great Britain or United States. It will not be possible to do so unless we realise the value of national discipline and develop a sense of responsible citizenship.

We are deplorably behind other democracies of the world in this respect. I may give a few examples to illustrate as to how we are behaving in our daily life.

(1) In spite of public notices in the railway trains, trams, buses, cinemas etc., we smoke to the annoyance of others and if anybody objects, the smoker regards it as an insult and is ready to come to blows. The other day I was attending a lecture of Mr. Ashok Mehta in a commerce college when to my utter surprise a gentleman(?) entered the hall with a lighted cigar in his hand. He could not resist the temptation to smoke even while listening.

(2) In railway trains, even if there is enough room to accommodate more passengers, the already travelling passengers would try to object new comers by employing all kinds of unfair practices such as spreading beds pretending to be sick etc.

(3) Some people spit in the train compartments, throw the refuse and leavings of food on the floor of the compartment, throw fruit skins in the train and commit all sorts of nuisance in the train.

(4) Passengers travel with open doors and feel a certain degree of pride and dignity in it.

We behave in similar ways in all public places and never show any respect for equal rights of others. What is more surprising is that even college students and highly educated people are not free from such vices, and it is difficult to improve them because they are ever conscious of their high education and consider an insult to be told of their shortcomings. What hope can there be for a country whose even educated people behave in a self centred manner without any sense of brotherhood or discipline?

—O. R. SHAH.

"Foreign Imports"

Probably the most acute problem we are facing today is the import of foreign goods and we are, it is understood, going to cut imports of foodstuffs altogether from the begining of 1951. We should have attained self-sufficiency by that time and all attempts are being made to reach the target of production within the specified time.

Simultaneously with the cut in foreign import of goods either foodstuff or consumer goods, should we not put a check on the import of so-called-technical foreign personnel, is the burning question before the qualified technical personnel, of the country. The most surprising as well as depressing feature is, that these institutions have increased strengthening the imported staff since the country got out of the shackles of foreign domination. The additions have, in certain cases, been done by removing Indian personnel. In about 95 per cent cases the personnel brought in are incapable of carying out their responsibilities independently, and 50 per cent out of them have not got the requisite qualifications and experience for the position. In all cases without exception the imported personnel have been put on top of highly qualified and experienced Indian personnel. The discrimination does not end there; the condition of service for these personnel are more than hundred per cent better than the Indians. The number of Indians who have been put on the same basis of employment as these imported ones is absolutely negligible.

The main contention of the writers in giving publicity to this unnoticed side of particularly British businesses in India, is to bring out the following issues:—

1. In the industry the key-positions are not given to Indians with the result that these industries will never get completely Indianised. The present indications are that these positions will never be made available to the Indians.

2. There is a general dissatisfaction among the senior Indian officers because of the very distinct discriminatory treatment between the foreigners and the Indians—the latter being treated as inferiors in all respects even though they may be much more qualified and experienced.

This leads to a tendency of their resigning from industry and trying luck in other avocations. The number of personnel to take up the key-positions grow smaller and smaller. The foreign-owned industries in India are, therefore, retaining their establishments in this country only for the provision of their kinsmen with utter disregard for the healthy growth of industries in the country.

3. That foreign-owned industries in India, having vested interests abroad, are not co-operating, in the true sense, with the Government or Government-sponsored bodies in developing industries in the country. There is a tendency in some of the foreign manufacturers in India to form a group and advocate a policy in order to create an impression that no protective measures are necessary to promote the growth of indigenous industries in the country with the sole object of keeping the import of foreign goods free from additional taxes, these goods being mostly from their principals. This tendency, if not checked at once, is going to prove disastrous to industrial development in the country within the course of the next two or three years, and which undoubtedly would adversely and vitally affect the country's economics.

We would expect our Indian friends in other firms and industries to bring to light these manoeuvres by the foreign firms in India as by so doing [illegible] country.

We also beg to draw the attention of the Central Government to our remarks as stated above and request them to take adequate steps to prevent these manoeuvres which may lead to serous disaster for the development of our industries.

—CHARTERED ENGINEERS.

Cotton Policy

Cotton policy is drifting into absurdities.

(1) The textile industry is supposed to run profitably by paying 15 p.c. to 20 p. c. over Government ceiling prices for their raw cotton and by accepting 6 p. c. less for cloth based on cotton ceiling prices which exist in theory only.

(2) If after this magic achievement the industry has still a surplus profit, then of course Labour is to get a lion's share of the profit as per Madhya Bharat Mills example quoted by Sardar Patel in the Legislative Assembly.

(3) It is supposed to be in the country's best interest to earn foreign exchange that our cheap cloth should be exported and the Indian consumers be given the option to go short or buy thrice expensive fine cloth made from foreign imported cotton on which Government must add heavy duties and import duties.

(4) The Capitalist who does not run into new ventures under such promising conditions is of course a traitor to the country!

—DELUDED SHAREHOLDER.

ANDHRA ISSUE SHELVED

No Chance Of Agreement

MADRAS, Feb. 8 (PTI): The question of formation of Andhra Province would have to be treated as shelved for the time being, it was learnt from an authoritative source here today.

The Government of India, it is understood, have addressed a communication to the Madras Government in which they have referred to the lack of agreement on some of the vital questions like capital of the new province and division of finance and stated that these issues should be settled before the question could be revived.

Summing up the position in the light of the communication, the source said there was little chance of either party "giving in" over the points of dispute. "As such, the formation of the province in the immediate future is not possible", the source added.

Industrialise India

SHUKLA'S CALL FOR CONCERTED EFFORT

(From Our Correspondent)

BILASPUR, Feb. 8: Presiding over the third anniversary of Combined Training Centre, Kosi, three miles from Bilaspur, the Chief Minister, Pandit Ravishanker Shukla made an earnest appeal for all-round industrial development of the country.

Pandit Ravishanker Shukla opined that after passing primary education the students should be put to a test in order to know their aptitudes and their future moulded accordingly. The Chief Minister foresaw a bright future for the trainees and visualised a degree course in handicrafts which would give an impetus to those who have talents for such trades.

Concluding Pandit Shukla appealed to the industrialists and labour to co-operate with Government in the herculean task of putting India at par with other leading nations of the world.

INCONSISTENCY IN INDIA'S STAND OVER KASHMIR

Zafrullah Khan's Charge

(Continued from Page 1)

mir problem and the factors submitted by the parties, to arrive at some principle, a set of principles, which have governed India and Pakistan in trying to settle the question of accession."

Sir Mohammed traced the constitutional position regarding accession after the British transfer of power and mentioned Junagadh and Hyderabad—states contiguous to India with a majority of non-Muslim population—acceded to India with the exception of Hyderabad.

Those that were contiguous to Pakistan and had a majority of Muslim population, acceded to Pakistan—with the exception of Kashmir.

Junagadh, though not contiguous to Pakistan by land, had access to Pakistan through a short sea route and later acceded to Pakistan. Hyderabad, Junagadh and Kashmir then presented the problem, Sir Mohammed continued.

"Any one desiring to understand the stands of India and Pakistan with regard to Kashmir would do well to study the views and actions of the Government of India with regard to the related cases of Hyderabad and Junagadh also."

These questions, he said, were pending on the agenda of the Security Council.

Indian offer of a plebiscite in Kashmir, Sir Mohammed said, was not a gratuitous offer. "At the time India made the reservation of accession, or offer—by whatever name you call it—they had before them the problem of Junagadh, which had already acceded to Pakistan."

Sir Mohammed emphasised that up to then there had not been a single incident in Junagadh between the ruler and the people.

HYDERABAD

In the case of Hyderabad the ruler was a Muslim and the majority of the people were non-Muslims. The ruler did not want to accede to either India or Pakistan but desired to enter into special treaty relations with the Government of India.

The Government of India rejected the offer. The Government of India said, "You accede first and then the plebiscite can be held."

Sir Mohammed recalled that when addressing the Security Council last May, he had urged that the least that the Government of India could do was to accept the principle that the people of the Staee decide what they wanted.

He read extracts from a White Paper issued by the Indian Government on Hyderabad on August 10, 1948, in which the Government of India's policy was set out.

"How far did the Government of India respect the sovereignty of the Nizam?", Sir Mohammed asked.

"They marched their troops into Hyderabad and they have since been in military possession of the State despite the fact that Hyderabad was before the Security Council.

"It has since been announced that the Nizam has acceded to India. That in brief was the case of Hyderabad and the principles put into force by India."

Regarding Junagadh, Sir Mohammed went on, the Government of India maintained that its accession to Pakistan was in utter violation of the rules of acession.

Sir Mohammed said that he would show that the so-called accession of Junagadh was effected under conditions very different from those under which Junagadh's accession to Pakistan has taken place. Could not Pakistan with equal justice retort with the same words—that Kashmir's so-called accession was in utter violation of the principles under which the partition of the sub-continent was agreed upon and that it was an encroachment of Pakistan's integrity and territory—the phrase used by India regarding Junagadh.

"If it applies to Junagadh, why should it not apply equally to Kashmir?" Sir Mohammed asked.

PEOPLE'S WISHES

Sir Mohammed said if the decision in Junagadh by a plebiscite under the joint supervision of Junagadh and the Government of India were just and honest, why could not Pakistan with equal honesty maintain that the wishes of the people of Kashmir should be held under the joint control of Pakistan and Kashmir?

Sir Mohammed then quoted a telegram sent to the Prime Minister of Pakistan by India's Prime Minister Pandit Nehru regarding the issue of referendum in Junagadh and asked, "Why cannot the same principle be applied to Kashmir."

The Council adjourned the discussion of the Kashmir debate until 1-30 a.m. I.S.T., Thursday, when Sir Mohammed will continue his speech.

Stop Press

SHEIKH ABDULLAH AS A PEDAGOGUE

JAMMU, Feb. 8.

SPEAKING at a gathering of lawyers here, Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir, narrated how he acted as a pedagogue—his profession before he plunged into Kashmir politics—at Lake Success.

"I tried my best," he said, "to convey to the Security Council members and other big shots at Lake Success the manifold intricacies of the Kashmir situation but they just blinked and could not understand. Then I took up the map to give them a true picture of Kashmir. The result was magnificent. My class room buzzed with interest."

"I found my old school master's profession still paying dividends," added Sheikh Abdullah.—(PTI).

Refugees Defy Police Order

Four Arrested In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8, (PTI): Four persons were taken into custody at Dum Dum today when, it is alleged, they tried to prevent the police from evicting about 50 refugee families from huts erected on "unlawfully occupied lands" near the Railway Station.

The women and children were, however, allowed to remain in the huts for the night with instructions to leave within 24 hours.

Police pickets have been posted to keep watch over the situation.

GERMAN TRAWLER ATTACKED

Plane Unidentified

CUXHAVEN, Feb. 8, (PTI-Reuter): Another German fishing trawler complained today of having been attacked in Heligoland harbour by an unidentified plane.

The trawler, from Schulau near Harburg, reported that a four-engined plane of the Lancaster type bearing the marks—W S 416, machine gunned it five times on Monday in diving attacks from a height of 3,000 feet.

Nobody was hurt and no damage done.

BRITISH RECOGNITION A POLITICAL MOVE

France May Be Pressed To Be Liberal With Bao Dai

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 8: As Bao Dai Government does not satisfy all the legal conditions which are necessary for getting recognition British recognition is regarded as a political move in the cold war. But it is unlikely that she will do much to sustain Bao Dai's regime. Pressure might be placed on France to extend the bounds of self-Government enjoyed by Bao Dai regime.

CARTOON SLASHES MALAN

Case Against Editor

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter): The Editor and the Cartoonist of the Johannesburg "Sunday Express" have been summoned because of a cartoon published last October on the South African Government's racial policy.

It showed two Africans being attacked by a man with bludgeon. At the door of the room Dr. Malan, the Prime Minister, was depicted inviting two other Africans, representing the British protectorates in South Africa (which the Union Government is seeking to incorporate) to enter.

The caption read: "Won't you come in?"

The summons returnable on March 3 was issued against the paper's Manager Thomas Sutherland, the Editor Alfred Hughes and Cartoonist Wilfred Cross on a charge of "contravening Act 38 of 1927 in that they acted with intent to promote a feeling of hostility" between Europeans and Africans.

DEMONSTRATION AT MAYOR'S MEETING

Incident In West Berlin

BERLIN, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter): Western Berlin's Lord Mayor, Ernest Reuter took 1,000 policemen with him today to a Social-Democrat open air mass meeting in the French sector, just over the border of East Berlin.

Loudspeakers on the Russiain side, where small groups of East German police and knots of Russian sector Germans had gathered, opened up as soon as the Mayor began to speak.

The microphone heckler asked: "what are you going to do about your three hundred thousand unemployed, Professor Reuter? What about those promises of socialisation made in 1947?"

EXPORTERS MEET TO PROTEST

Under the auspices of the All India Exporters Association, a general meeting of the exporters was held, Wednesday, to protest against the recent Government orders regarding export price control on textiles.

COTTON TEXTILE EXPORTERS MEET

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A RESOLUTION, expressing strong disaproval of Government's announcement on export price control of textiles was adopted at the special general meeting of the exporters of cotton textiles held in Bombay today. Mr. Teckchand Vasanmal, President of the Association, presided.

It may be recalled that Government recently allowed mills and exporters to charge overseas buyers any price whilst restricting mills to charge only 8 per cent to exporters.

The resolution, 'inter alia', stated that this step, which had evidently been taken with a view to enabling exporters to obtain cloth at controlled prices from mills, was unfortunately not having the desired effect in practice as mills were disinclined to offer goods to exporters on these terms. Government's latest announcement had thus given rise to various malpractices, which had adversely affected the export trade of the country, the resolution added.

It, therefore urged government to maintain control on the export prices as before, and allow only a suitable increase in textile prices consistent with a corresponding rise in cotton and other raw materials, or, in the alternative, to immediately withdraw price control altogether.

INJURIOUS ALLOYS IN UTENSILS

Government Precaution

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8, (PTI): India produces about 20,000 tons of non-ferrous metals valued at Rs. five crores, every year, it is learnt here. Besides this, about 108,000 tons of these metals, worth about Rs. 17 crores are annually imported.

The Sectional Committee on non-ferrous metals of the engineering division council of the Indian Standards Institution has developed 12 Indian standards to cover important non-ferrous metals used in Indian industry.

A large quantity of aero-scrap of unknown composition has been finding its way into the utensil manufacturing industry with probable risks to public health. At the instance of the Ministry of Industry and Supply Government of India, the tentative Indian standard specification for cast aluminium for utensils has been prepared. This is meant, not only to ensure safety to public health, but also to increase the life of utensils by keeping down pitting and corrosion to the minimum.

DACOIT KILLED IN JALPAIGURI

JALPAIGURI, Feb. 8 (UPI): One of the dacoits was killed by a Jotedar when an armed dacoity was attempted in his house in village Anguri, P. S. Nagrakata (Dooars), it is stated. The Jotedar is said to have fired from his own gun resulting in the death of one of the miscreants on the spot, while others fled away.

It is reported that the dead man was the Chowkidar of a tea estate, about two miles from the scene of the dacoity. Some papers are reported to have been found in the pocket of the dead man. It is further learnt that the police, in the course of an investigation arrested Anwarwaddin, Manager, and Khalil, another chowkidar of the said tea estate, who have been let off on bail. Police investigations are proceeding.

Trial Of Gold Coast Leaders

BRITISH LAWYERS FOR DEFENCE

ACCRA, Feb. 8, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. C. S. Rewcastle, King's Counsel and Mr. Ralph Milner arrived here by air today from Britain to defend Kwame Nkrumah and eight other Africans charged with inciting an illegal strike.

The trial was adjourned on Jan. 30 when the defence produced cablegrams to prove defending counsel was expected from Britain.

It opens again on Friday.

The forty-year old Nkrumarh is leader of the Convention Peoples Party which demands immediate Dominion Status for the Gold Coast.

When the trial began police alleged that a huge crowd at an Accra Sports Arena last month was incited to civil disobedience, strikes and a boycott on British goods.

There are thirteen accused, including four Africans, charged with abetting the incitement.

The two English will defend them all.

Better Seed Pays

POTATO YIELD DOUBLED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (PTI): A village development project launched by the Government of Uttar Pradesh in a group of villages in the Ettawah district has produced striking results, it is learnt here.

The project which aims at application of improved methods of cultivation, better seeds and manure to agriculture has given a 47 per cent increase in the yield of wheat and over 100 per cent increase in the yield of potato in certain areas.

Encouraged by these results, the area under the improved seeds are now being increased. During the current rabi an area of about 3,000 acres has been sown with improved wheat. The areas under potatoes has also gone up.

FLOODS AFFECT U.P. MAIZE CROP

Four Per Cent Decrease In Acreage

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 8: As a result of excessive rainfall and floods during August and September last Maize crop has been adversely effected in large number of districts of U. P. Estimated area under maize in the current year shows a decrease of four per cent as compared to last year's acreage.

LIAQUAT ALI REPEATS PAKISTAN SLOGAN!

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb. 8: 'I want to tell every Kashmiri that so long as a single Muslim is alive in Pakistan, we will not allow you to become slaves" said Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan, while addressing a largely attended public meeting at Abbottabad reiterating that the Pakistan Government under no circumstances would allow India to conquer Kashmir by the force of arms.

The Prime Minister further stated that Kashmir is a question of life and death for every Pakistani man, woman and child. At present, the mind of every Pakistani is pre-occupied with the thought of a just solution of the Kashmir problem. On it depends the independence and the very existence of Pakistan. Pakistanis can go hungry and naked but will not let the defence of their country to become weak. We will not allow any one to take an inch of our territory; our soil is a sacred soil and we will shed every drop of our blood to defend it."

DRAFTING PAKISTAN'S CONSTITUTION

Employment Of Foreign Expert Resented

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb. 8: Much resentment appears to have been caused amongst the people over the decision of the Pakistan authorities to call a foreign expert to help them in drafting a new Constitution for the Dominion.

Suggestions have been made in this connection to take the help of able and intelligent Pakistanis alone for this most vital subject saying that 'nothing could be more inconsistent with the self-respect of a sovereign nation than to have its Constitution drawn up by a foreigner.'

Two Indian Films Banned In Karachi

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb. 8: The Administrator of Karachi has banned the exhibition of two Indian films 'Jal Tarang' and 'Jawarat' in the capital. These films have been considered prejudicial to the best interests of the citizens and thus unfit for exhibition by the Karachi Film Censor Board.

Federal Council In Pakistan

KARACHI, Feb. 8 (UPI): H. H. the Aga Khan's Federal Council is proposed to be established in Karachi to serve West Pakistan and the adjoining Muslim countries, it was learnt here today.

The need for the establishment of a separate Federal Council for Pakistan has arisen owing to the emergence of Pakistan as an independent State. The Federal Council for undivided India existed at Bombay. With the visit of the Aga Khan to Karachi, a separate Federal Council for Pakistan and some countries of the Middle East is being arranged for.

Nepal Prime Minister To Visit Delhi On Feb. 17

ELABORATE RECEPTION ARRANGED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (UPI).

LIEUT-GENERAL His Highness Maharaja Mohun Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana, Prime Minister and Supreme Commander-in-Chief of Nepal, will arrive in India on an official visit on February 17, at the invitation of the Government of India.

His Highness, who will be a State guest, and the party accompanying him, will travel in a special train which would arrive at the ceremonial platform of the New Delhi railway station at 10-20 a.m. The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, will receive His Highness who will also inspect a guard of honour at the railway station.

The Protocol Branch of the Ministry of External Affairs is preparing an elaborate programme for His Highness's stay in Delhi which would last one week. The palatial Hyderabad House has been prepared for the stay of the Prime Minister of Nepal.

A highlight of the visit of His Highness the Prime Minister of Nepal after India's attainment of independence would be a special military parade at Irwin Stadium, where he will be presented a sword of honour on behalf of the Indian Army.

The first act of the Prime Minister of Nepal on arrival in Delhi would be to call on the President on the morning of February 18 and later in the day on the Prime Minister. Meetings have also been arranged between His Highness and the Deputy Prime Minister and other Ministers of the Government of India. There will be a reception in honour of the Maharaja at Government House and another at the Prime Minister's house.

ONE DEAD, 2 HURT IN CALCUTTA

Mob Attacks Police With Bombs

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8 (PTI): One person died and two others, including a police constable, received stab-injuries in incidents in Central and North Calcutta shortly after nightfall today.

Police party, while chasing some persons engaged in looting shops in Central Calcutta, was attacked with bombs.

The stabbing cases occurred in North Calcutta following an altercation between two groups of people.

A bustee was attacked and some huts set on fire. The police soon arrived on the scene and brought the situation under control.

Bank Official Shot Dead In Hyderabad

VIJAYAVADA, Feb. 8 (PTI).—A local bank official and his host a village munsif were shot dead in a raid by some persons described as "Communists" in Amaravaram village on the border recently merged with the Hydarabad State by the Government of India according to information received here today.

It is said a supervisor of the Vijayavada Co-operative Central Bank was in the village to collect arrears due to the bank. While he was resting in the village munsiffs house some armed men raided the place at about midnight on Tuesday and shot dead the bank official and his host. Another supervisor of the bank who was also in at the time narrowly escaped.

No arrests have been made so far.

3 INJURED IN JUBBULPORE

Lorry Hits Telegraph Pole

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBUPORE, Jan. 8: Three persons including the driver were injured when a fast running truck dashed against a telegraph pole last night near the Victoria Hospital here.

The driver, it is alleged, was under the influence of liquor. When the lorry hit the pole and uprooted it, it dragged it on till the pole bent into a horse-shoe shape, came beneath the moving rear wheel and brought the lorry to a standstill. The telephone service was affected for some time as a result of this accident.

HINDU SHOPS LOOTED IN NOAKHALI

One Killed In Attack

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8, (UPI): One person was reported to have been killed when some shops belonging to the minority community members in Pulgazi Bazar, about 10 miles from Feni, in Noakhali District of East Pakistan, were attacked and looted on February 4 last, according to a report received here. Stray assaults were also reported from there.

Secunderabad Strikes To End Today

SECUNDERABAD, Feb. 8, (UPI): The month old labour unrest in the city would end by tomorrow. It is presumed. The Vice-President of the Hyderabad Mazdoor Sangh Mr. S. B. Giri advised the workers of the D. B. R. Mills today to resume work from tomorrow.

Cariappa Meets Rajaji

MADRAS, Feb. 8, (UPI): General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army, who arrived here this afternoon from Delhi, met Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, ex-Governor-General, at his residence in Adyar.

Attlee Begins Election Tour

CHURCHILL BUSY WOOING WELSH

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Feb. 8: Clement Attlee today began 1,000-mile election tour, his wife driving him in his family car. Before he returns to Downing Street next week he would have addressed 24 meetings.

Mr. Winston Churchill is busy touring Wales. Welsh Tories presented him a 10-inch cigar.

Mr. Eden who had easy victories in the past will have to fight hard to retain his seat. Liberals are accusing the Tories of spreading false stories against the Liberals. They allege that Tories are spreading false rumours that such and such Liberal candidate intends to withdraw. To counter such tricks Liberals are getting their candidates nominated without delay.

AGREEMENT NOT COMPLETE

French India Referendum

PARIS, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter): Sardar H. S. Malik, India's Ambassador to France, handling negotiations on behalf of his government with the French Colonial Ministry on the future of the four French settlements in India said today: "We have not yet reached agreement on some important procedural points. Until agreement is reached on preliminaries covering the whole procedure, it would be guesswork to suggest the date of the referendum."

"Our position is that there can be no referendum until complete agreement exists between the two governments on the modalities including such things as an amnesty and revision of the electoral rolls", said Malik.

In reply to a question Malik said there was no deadlock in the talks.

His earlier belief was that the referendum, originally planned for December, would not take place before April.

Indian Embassy quarters here are not paying serious attention to a statement by Professor Lambert Saravane, French India Deputy in the Paris National Assembly, that instead of a referendum "an agreed formula through friendly negotiations between leaders of the two countries" might settle the questions.

SURAT, Feb. 7, (PTI): Co-operative workers from all over Gujerat will meet at Baroda on Feb. 10, it is learnt here. The meeting will discuss the progress of the movement in Gujerat.

BOOKS OF TODAY

(Continued from Page 4)

an Indian the value of his work lies not in any tribal or national characteristics but in those elements of universality which appeal to the whole world—spiritual integrity, honesty with oneself, insistence on life and love. "He has added to the sweetness of life, to the stature of civilisation."

The highlight of the book is, however, the style which has a certain sweep and grandeur about it. It is in the most eloquent tones that he denounces the assassination of the Mahatma. "The struggle between light and darkness between love and hate, between reason and unreason which is the heart of the cosmic is shown up by this most moving tragedy of our age. We made Socrates drink death; we nailed Jesus to the Cross; we lighted the faggots that burnt the mediaeval martyrs. We have stoned and killed our prophets. Gandhi has not escaped the fate of being misunderstood and hated. He has met his death facing the forces of darkness, of ultimate unreason and through it has increased the powers of light, love and reason."

The introduction on the life and work of Radhakrishnan is a valuable accessory to the book.

Our Education

In the changing dynamic Indian world of the twentieth century our educational standards and methods cannot remain static without failing in their true purpose. This seems to be the plea made by Nalini Sarker in her many Convocation addresses, gathered together in this volume.

The crux of the whole problem, as she envisages it, seems to lie in the fact that the supply of qualified graduates under the present system of liberal education has begun rapidly to exceed the absorptive capacity of the liberal profession and the different branches of administration." What is really wanted is a broadening of the scope of employment, particularly in industrial and commercial lines. Ours being an agricultural country what is required for the large masses employed in agriculture in various capacities is not higher education but the extension and intensification of a much more modest standard of education. Secondary education needs a definite revision.

All of which has been recognised and repeated over and over again, and Nalini Sarker's booklet which is confined to generalised addresses makes little further contribution as to the ways and means. The chapter on the "Fundamentals of Women's Education" adopted from the address at the Convocation of the Women's University, Bombay is however the highlight of the book.

—P. D.

U. S. RECOGNISES BAO DAI

Truman May Extend Dollar Aid

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter): The United States yesterday gave full recognition to the French-backed Governments of Viet Nam, Laos and Cambodia in Indo-China.

Officials here said today that President Truman may draw on a special 75-million dollar Far-Eastern Fund to help newly-recognised French-sponsored Indo-Chinese governments fight Communist expansion.

This fund was voted by Congress last autumn for use in opposing Communism in the general area of China. So far as is known none of the money has been spent.

The Indo-Chinese are expected to need both economic and military help. But the military help, if granted by Washington, would probably be used to strengthen French troops there.

Australia and Belgium have also recognised the three Indo-Chinese States.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.

Previous Closing	31.46
Today's Opening	31.46
Difference	+2
Today's Closing	31.57
Difference	+11

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

	Rs. as.
Silver Forward	185 13
Gold Forward	117 8
Silver Bullion	186 9
Silver Mint	185 13
Gold Ready	117 13
Sovereign	76 4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter): Swedish issues, which over the past week have been a steadily rising market, took a leap forward on the London Stock Exchange today. Sharp advances followed news that the United Kingdom blocked Kronor balances are to be released. Electrolux gained three-quarters at 1/3 and 1/8ths.

In quiet markets other issues were never robust. British Government securities encountered fresh selling and moved lower by 3/8th per cent and this gave hesitancy and uncertainty to industrials. In closing stages the leaders of the latter were widely a few pence down.

The oil market remained under the influence of Dollar oil negotiations and was lower where changed.

Trading in overseas issues was small but produced fractional falls in Japanese bonds and in some Brazilian rails.

Although quarterly returns from Karfir producers showed substantially higher profits in some instances there was no marked interest in shares. Prices were maintained to occasionally higher.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb. 8.

Cotton market easy particularly for 289 F as arrivals from Punjab heavy and demand quiet. Poland's buying agents have left Karachi after making about 15,000 bales purchases.

Yesterday's business 4,000, Arrivals 3,702, Exports 7,033 bales of which 4,000 for Russia. Cottonseeds steady on moderate support from exporters to Marmagoa. Bullion market quiet.

Current quotations: Cotton Sind NT 72-8, Punjab 289 F 74-12, Fourf 71-8, Cottonseeds ready 8-10, March 8-10-8, Gold 97.

Stock Exchange: Habib Bank 198, Pakistan Industrial Corporation 515, Mohammadi Steamships 98.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 8.

Market opened with a steady tone and was shot up with the sharp inquiry of bulls.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 298-8, highest 299-8.

Arvind opened 790, highest 793.

Ambica opened 360, highest 361, lowest 358.

Deferred opened 1636, highest 1648.

Closing quotations: Calico 292-4, Arvind 792, Ambica 360, Deferred 1648, Anant 18, Jupitor 261, Maradon 148, Shorok 241-4, Sarasput 282-8, Atul 32.

INDORE SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Feb. 8.

Today's closing quotations on Indore Stock Exchange were as follows:—Indore Malwa 119, Hukamchand Mill 548, Chandari Mill 660, Vinod Mill 238, Kalyanmal Mill 96, Kalyanmal Mill Pref. 97, Rajkumar Mill 119, Indore Bank 62.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.

Stock Exchange opening prices:

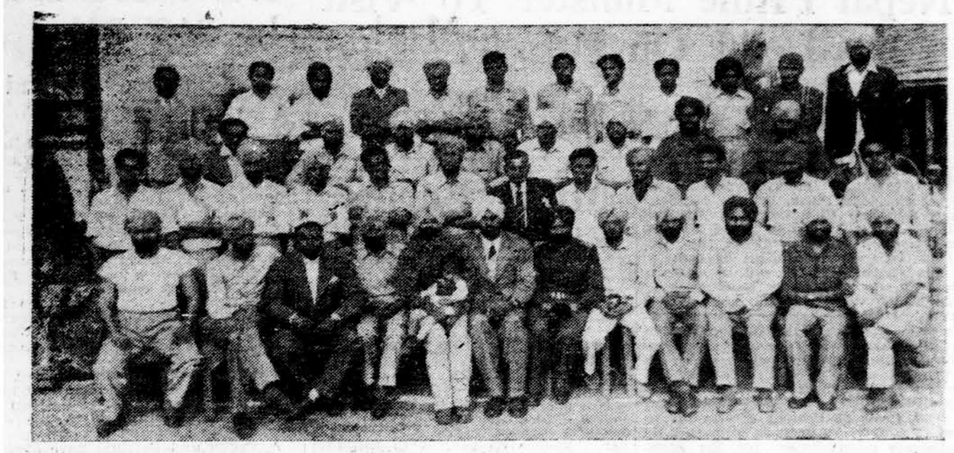
Anaconda Copper Mining	29-3/8
General Motors	76-7/8
U.S. Steel Common	unquoted
U.S. Steel Pref.	unquoted.

R

ISSUE OF CASHMEMO FOR KEROSENE

Authorised Kerosene Dealers have been instructed to issue cashmemos on demand in respect of sales of Kerosene against Kerosene Ration Cards. Kerosene cardholders are, therefore, requested to demand cashmemos from their dealers when they draw their Kerosene quotas.

OLYMPIC STALWARTS ARRIVE



The Patiala contingent of athletes photographed on their arrival at the Olympic Village to take part in the Fourteenth Indian Olympic Games which start at the Brabourne Stadium tomorrow. The Patiala athletes, who on many occasions in the past have made a clean sweep of the boards in long distance events, will make a bold bid to excel their former performances.

PUBLIC RECEPTION FOR OLYMPIC ATHLETES

Stage Set For Tomorrow's Indian Olympiad

(By Our Athletics Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE arrival of the champion athletic team of Patiala the number of competitors for the Fourteenth Indian Olympic Games, due to commence tomorrow, has risen to a little over two hundred and fifty.

The Patiala athletes, who are the holders of the team championship, are welknown for their prowess in the long-distance running races and throwing events.

The remaining four hundred athletes are expected to arrive here by tomorrow. The teams that have arrived in the Olympic Village till the time of going to press are from:— Punjab, Kolhapur, Bengal, Orissa, Delhi and Patiala.

A public reception in honour of the athletes talking part in this year's olympics has been arranged by the Chief Minister of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher at the Regal Theatre tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in the morning.

The Olympic Torch, which will be seen in the games in Bombay for the first time, will it is learnt be lighted in the Hall of the Municipal Corporation at about 12 o'clock tomorrow. Although neither the route nor the torch-bearer has yet been announced, it is hoped that the honour of being the first torch-bearer as is the custom in similar cases in other countries falls to some great athlete of the past. There is none that I think is more suited to the honour than one of Bombay's outstanding athletes J. J. Jameson now in the Bombay Police Service. It is further hoped that the route followed by the torch-bearer takes him through most of the crowded localities in the city, in order to give as many of the population a chance as is possible.

MAHAVIR GUJARAT SHOOTING

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 6.

The Mahagujarat shooting competitions inaugurated by H. E. Raja Maharajsingh, the Governor of Bombay, started early this morning at the Police Range, Ahmedabad in the presence of many keen competitors and gun enthusiasts, competitors from Kathiawar were in the limelight owing to their performances.

The competitors and the spectators alike were treated to some really first class shooting. The competition, which is the first of its kind to be held in Ahmedabad, shall long remain the memories of all those who attended.

The finals of the competition was presided over by Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, who also gave the prizes.

The following were the results:—

Maha Gujarat .22 miniature Rifle Individual Championship Cup

Thakore Saheb of Katosan (135 marks), 1. Baiwantsingh Sahebsing (133 marks), 2. Munir M. Kadari (133 marks).

Maha Gujarat Pistol Individual Championship Cup

Thakore Saheb of Katosan (40 marks), 1. K. D. Shah (29 marks) 2.

Shri Surendra Mangaldas Parekh Maha Gujarat Revolver Individual Championship

Ummarmia Abbmesmia (32 marks) 1 P. N. Wadwana (30 marks) 2.

Maha Gujarat Free Rifle (any bore except .22) Individual Championship

B. J. Gagrajsingh (50 marks), 1. Shaikhmohamed Safi Sheikh Hussein (49 marks), 2. J. Y. Bhonsle (49 marks) 3.

Maha Gujarat .22 Miniature Rifle Team Match

Balvantsingh Sahebsing 1. Munir M. Kadari 2. Thakore Saheb of Katosan 3.

.22 Miniature Rifle Home Guards Individual Championship

Bhavsar, Gordhandas M. (45 marks) 1. Shantilal Gangaram Patel (39 marks) 2.

.22 Miniature Rifle Home Guards Inter District Team Match

Mehta Chandrakant D., Shah Kantilal D., and Smt. Prabhu Kalpna K. (91 marks) 1.

Ladies .22 Miniature Rifle Individual Championship Cup

Smt. Hemlata H. Hegiste (44 marks) 1.

Ladies Pistol Individual Championship Cup

Smt. Hemlata H. Hegiste (20 marks) 1.

Maha Gujarat Individual Senior Championship Cup

Shah Kantilal D. (49 marks) 1. Kulkarni Sadashiv B. (46 marks) 2. Billare Rajaram V. (46 marks) 3.

Maha Gujarat Individual Junior Championship Cup

Patel, Bansilal Muljibhai (28 marks) 1.

Hyderabad Commentary Timings

HYDERABAD, Feb. 8: The timings of the running commentary to be broadcast from the Deccan Radio, Hyderabad, on the cricket match between the Commonwealth Eleven and the South Zone team to be played in Secunderabad from February 10 to 13 will be as follows:—

11 a.m. to 12-50 p.m. 2 p.m. to 3-45 p.m. and 4 p.m. to 5-15 p.m.

The commentary can be heard on 411 metres. The commentators will be Messrs. A. S. Wensley, A. W. Stansfeld and R. A. K. Sharman.

CALICUT, Feb. 8, (PTI): The third Mohammad Abourahiman Memorial Football Tournament is commencing here on Saturday, February Eleven. Twenty teams from different parts of India including Calcutta, Hyderabad, Mysore, Bangalore, Madras, Trichy, Coimbatore and Cochin have entered for the tournament.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Cooperage:

3-15 p.m. BPT 'B' vs. Indian Naval Civilian (Jepsen Cup replay)

4-15 p.m. Khatau S.C. vs. Metal Box S.C. (Jepsen Cup)

5-15 p.m. Kurla Spartans vs. Bombay Parsis S.A. (Jepsen Cup)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel:

4-10 p.m. Blue Wizards 'B' vs. G. B. Police 'B' (Figuerdo Cup)

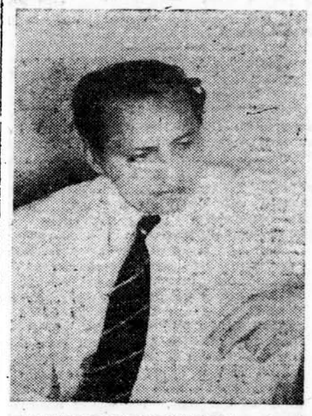
5-15 p.m. Times of India vs. St. Xavier's 'B' (Lewis Cup).

TENNIS

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana

3-30 p.m. Bombay Presidency Hardcourts Championships.

DULEEP IN NEW ROLE



PRINCE DULEEPSINHJI ..... has been appointed India's High Commissioner in Australia. Duleepsinhji, one of the greatest cricketers India has produced will be no newcomer to Australia, for he had toured that country with England's Test cricket team about twenty years back.

Madras Contingent Leaves For Bombay

MADRAS, Feb. 8, (PTI): The Madras team of Athletes and players for the All-India Olympic Games to be held in Bombay from February 10 to 12 left for Bombay last night.

It includes 41 members belonging to the track, field, basketball and volley ball teams, as well as cyclists and a wrestler.

The Hu-tu-tu team left Tenali via Vijayawada for Bombay yesterday.

TWO FROM INDORE

INDORE, Feb. 8, (PTI): Nagarmal and Tolaram, members of the Indore Mazdoor (Workers) Club, have been selected to represent the Club in the Olympic Tournaments to be held at Bombay on February Eleven and Twelve.

WORLD SNOOKER CHAMPIONSHIPS

Davis Leads Chenier 12 Frames To 6

LONDON, Feb. 7 (PTI-Reuter): Walter Ronaldson, who has been in the last three finals, was level with Albert Brown at nine frames all at the end of the early session in their world professional snooker championship semi-final match at Newcastle today.

Brown took four of the six frames in the session. Score: (Brown first) 69 to 48, 67 to 44, 87 to 9, 84 to 28 ,53 to 71 and 36 to 76.

In the other semi-final at Oldham Fred Davis, holder of the title, was leading George Chenier of Canada by 12 frames to six at the interval, having won four of the six frames in the early session.

Scores with Davis first were : 61 to 38, 81 to 34, 81 to 35, 44 to 67, 65 to 40, 42 to 71.

Commonwealth Team Reaches Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 8, (PTI): The commonwealth cricket team arrived here from Bombay by air today for their four-day fixture against the South Zone commencing on February 10.

Last-Minute Goal Brings Goans "B" Victory

BOMBAY GYMKHANA BEATEN IN JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The junior string of Goan Sports prevailed over Bombay Gymkhana by a solitary goal scored a few seconds before the final whistle in the Jepsen Cup Tournament at the Cooperage this evening.

Though the Goans dictated terms throughout the game yet they were unable to get the better of the opposing defence who made up for their skill and speed by their robust and sure tackling as well made use of their powerful hits to send the ball right across the field into the opposing territory. Goalkeeper Anderson was mainly responsible for keeping the ball out of his charge. Time and again he brought off grand saves from close in to foil the rival attackers.

The Goans' inside right N. Rodricks narrowly missed his mark and a little later D. Vaz was deprived in the nick of time of the ball when he was favourably placed to score by Langdon. Towards the end of the first half right extreme M. Abreo sent in a hard shot from top of the circle but Anderson saved splendidly and from the rebound D. Vaz and A. D'Souza again failed to get the ball past him from point blank range.

The teams changed ends with a blank score board and after the resumption the Gymkhana apparently refreshed by the breather gave an improved display and when a draw seemed certain the Goan left winger netted from a rebound after he had made two attempts to score.

Earlier in the evening in the same tournament Dolphin S.C. scored an easy win over Cathedral Old Boys by four goals to nil. The winners led by a goal at the interval scored by Assis Fernandes and after the interval the same player proceeded to add two more to complete a grand hat-trick. Joe Rodricks scored the fourth goal to complete his sides tally.

HOCKEY AT PAREL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

In the Figueredo Cup Hockey Tournament played this evening at the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, Indian Naval Dockyard 'B' beat Kurla Spartans by two goals to nil. Cassey scored both goals for the winners.

Later in the evening Juvenile Sports Club beat Mahim Young Boys in the Lewis Cup Hockey Tournament by three goals to nil. Joseph, R. D'Souza and Milford were responsible for the tally.

National Hockey At Bhopal

BHOPAL, Feb. 7.

The Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament is, this year, being staged in Bhopal.

These National Championships shall start from the 10th and 15th March, 1950, for men and women respectively.

Senior Division Hockey Commences In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8 (PTI).

The Senior Division of the Calcutta Hockey League commenced yesterday with three games on the day's card.

The Port Commissioners, last year's champions, put up a rather tame performance beating St. Josephs, the new entrants to the Senior League, by the narrowest margin.

MISS KHANNA MUCH TOO GOOD FOR MISS WOODBRIDGE

India's Number Two Wins P. V. M. Tennis Title

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

PLAYING an aggressive game in the final of the singles event of the purely women's tournament—the P.V.M. Open Tennis—India's number two Miss Pramilla Khanna found little opposition in Miss Laura Woodbridge, another of India's ranked players.

The graceful young left-handed Pramilla Khanna was seen in a very good form by the handful of spectators that had turned up to the concluding stages of this annual tournament organised by the leading women's gymkhana in Bombay. Pramilla, whose forehand drives have a machine-like accuracy, was much too good on the run of play this evening for Miss Laura Woodbridge. The latter could only get a solitary game in the course of the two sets played.

Driving vigorously Pramilla continued to direct her strokes to the baselines and thereby keep her opponent on the run most of the time. On the few occasions, when Miss Woodbridge got the opportunity of coming to net, she was very easily passed by her younger opponent.

Miss Woodbridge got the only game scored by her when her rival had got two games to her credit in the first set. But from then onwards it was one-woman show, and Pramilla won ten games off the reel to win the singles championship.

Partnered by Mrs. Jaya Kania, Pramilla was concerned in a three-game women's doubles final against Miss Laxmi Merchant and Miss Laura Woodbridge. The latter combining much better than the untried combination of their opponents, won easily, the scores being 6-1; 3-6, 6-1 in favour of Miss Merchant and Miss Woodbridge.

Mrs. Shaffi Tybjee, one of the Vice-Presidents of the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana, the sponsors of the tournament, presided and gave away the trophies

Miss Pramilla Khanna

to the winners. Mrs. Tybjee in her remarks at the conclusion of the matches, dwelt upon the importance of sport in the life of an Indian woman. In her opinion, sport as well as women were neglected in India, and she insisted that if India was to have healthier citizens, the women must be encouraged to take up to sport.

The following were the results:

Women's Singles Final

Miss Pramilla Khanna beat Miss Laura Woodbridge, 6-1, 6-0.

Women's Doubles Final

Miss Laxmi Merchant and Miss Laura Woodbridge beat Miss Pramilla Khanna and Mrs. Jaya Kania, 6-1, 3-6, 6-1.

TRAINER BUCKLEY ACQUITTED

Found Not Guilty Of Unlawful Assembly

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

On a unanimous verdict of "Not Guilty," Walter Buckley, a race-horse trainer and nine others who stood charged with being members of an unlawful assembly armed with deadly weapons, voluntarily causing hurt to police officers, and causing evidence to disappear, were acquitted by Mr. J. M. Sheiat, Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay, today.

The prosecution arose out of a raid carried out by the police on a room in stable No. 3 at Mahaluxmi on April 10 last. The police arrested six persons and seized certain instruments of gaming. Subsequently, Buckley arrived on the scene and it was alleged that at his instance, the crowd that had gathered there assaulted the police officers and the articles seized by the police were snatched away. The police later arrested 16 persons and charge-sheeted them. The accused pleaded "not guilty" to the charges levelled against them.

IMPRESSIVE GAME BY VISITORS

Forced Walk Over By Weiss And Frankelkraut

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Much interest was evinced in the performances of the two tennis stars from Israel A. Weiss and Frankelkraut this evening, when in the Bombay Presidency Hardcourt Championships they were due to meet for the first time some good opposition. The visitors lived up to their reputations, and were seen in very good form.

Weiss, who had the Bombay Gymkhana champion F. Bekkevold as opponent, easily accounted for the local player, and conceded only one game in the first set and four in the second one.

Later Weiss beat G. G. Chandiramani 6-4, 6-2 in the next round.

Frankelkraut, the other visitor was fully extended by T. Bakshi to three sets, before the former could claim the honours of the match.

The two visitors, who were tired after playing two singles each were obliged to give a walk-over in their doubles engagement, which considering the limited number of entries received from leading players, is most unfortunate, as it has robbed the event of the otherwise representative character.

Owen, the Bangalore tennis star was seen to give a good account of himself, when he disposed of M. M. Shinde in two straight sets at the cost of only two games in all.

The following are the results of he matches played today:

MEN'S SINGLES

G. Vasant beat G. N. Powar 6-2, 6-1; K. Mahindrasingh beat U. S. Bangera 6-1, 6-4; A. Weiss beat Chandiramani 6-4, 6-2; Frankelkraut beat T. Bakshi 6-4, 5-7, 6-3; Pateesingji of Kutch beat W. N. Ghorpade 6-1, 6-4; M. Hanumanthrao beat R. Habib 6-3, 6-4; A. E. Owen beat M. M. Shinde 6-0, 6-2; Fatesingji of Kutch beat B. C. Choksi 7-5, 7-5; Rasikumar of Wakaner beat P. N. Sarangpani 6-3, 6-1; Rasikkumar of Wakaner beat R. N. Bhagwat 6-0, 6-2.

MEN'S DOUBLES

Swaminathan and Peermohamed beat P. S. Jadeja and Deshmukh 1-6, 6-4, 6-4; Hanumanthrao and Powar beat L. T. Asaldekar and Choksi 6-0, 7-5; M. M. Shinde and Ulial W.O. G. A. Vyas and Partner; R. K. Sanghani and Walton beat P. K. Ghuwalekala and K. V. Shevde 6-0, 6-1; G. A. Vyas and Partner W.O. M.T. Parekh and Partner; K. Mahindrasing and Partner W.O. Frankelkraut and Weiss; Ghorpade and Bhagat beat C. Rai and P. J. Roy 6-3, 6-4.

THURSDAY'S PROGRAMME

Morning Session

COURT NO. 3 at 8-30 Mrs. J. D. Kania vs Miss Kundaji; Mrs. B. Stewart vs Miss L. Woodbridge; Miss P. Khanna vs Miss Bhatt.

COURT NO. 2 at 8-30 R. R. Ruia and Hiralal Parekh vs R. Walton and Sanghani; Winner of R. N. Ruia and Hiralal Parek, R. Walton and Sanghani vs M. M. Shinde and N. V. Ulial.

COURT NO. 1 8-15 Rasikumar vs Madhavrao; Fatesingh vs C. L. Savara; U. S. Bangera and N. D. G. Rao vs Swaminathan and Peermohamed.

Evening Session

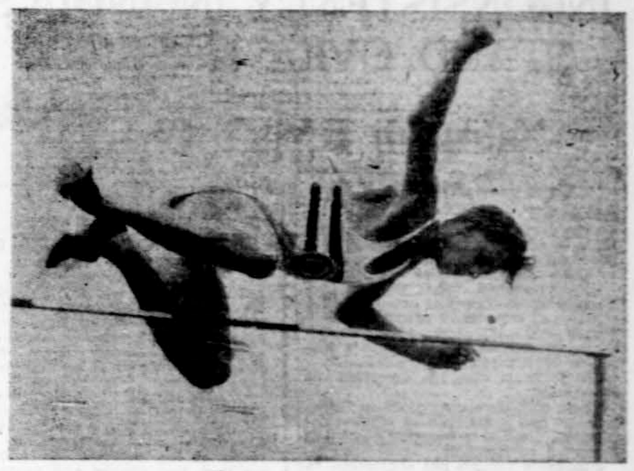
COURT NO. 1 3-30 G. Vasant vs T. Frankelkraut; 4-15 A. Weiss K. Mahindrasingh; 4-45 Winner of Miss Khanna and Bhatt vs winner of Miss L. Woodbridge and Mrs. Steward; 5-15 G. L. Savara and Partner vs R. N. Walton and Mrs. Bhavnani.

COURT NO. 2 3-30 Madhavrao or Rasikumar vs A. E. Owen; 4-15 Mr. and Mrs. Bekkevold vs K. C. Mashruwalla and Miss Shirodkar; 5-00 Vasant and Miss L. Woodbridge vs M. Hanumanthrao and Partner.

COURT NO. 3 3-30 K. Mahindra and Partner vs J. R. Sanghani and K. Seth, 4-15 M. Hanumantharao and Powar vs Sarangpani and A. Khatao.

COURT NO. 4 G. D. Bhagat and Ghorpade vs Mashruwalla and Mirchandani, Fatesingfh and Rasikumar vs D. M. Bhatia and J. P. Kapadia, Mrs. Stewart and Partner vs Miss P. Khanna and Partner.

AIRBORNE BRITISHER



Arms high, knees tucked in, RONALD CECIL PAVITT, 23, of Wembley, Middlesex, leaps over the bar in a "Western roll" as he practises for the Empire Games in the England camp at Ardmore, Auckland, New Zealand. Pavitt—on the England team— has a high jump of 6 feet 6 inches to his credit.

Another Record-Breaking Day At Empire Games

THREE MORE GOLD MEDALS FOR BRITAIN

AUCKLAND (NEW ZEALAND), February 8. (PTI-Reuter).

ANOTHER record-breaking afternoon and three more gold medals for British competitors featured the continuation of the Empire Games here today.

Swimming dominated the early part of the programme and of five finals decided before a capacity crowd of 5,000 at the Olympic Pool, Scotland won two gold medals and England one.

Sixteen-year-old Helen Gordon took the women's 22 yards breaststroke for Scotland. Peter Heatly of Scotland won the men's tower diving and Edna Child, the blonde Middlesex girl, annexed the women's springboard diving. This was a particularly thrilling event with the last dive giving Child a victory over Australia's Noeline McLean.

Only a hair's breadth robbed England of another first place for Roy Romain put in a devastating finish to the 220 yaryds men's breaststroke, only to be beaten by a touch by D. Hawkins (Australia). Australia took the other final today when Judy Joy Davies gained her anticipated win in the women's 110 yards breaststroke.

NEW FIGURES

Miss Gordon set up new figures for the games with 220 yards in three minutes 1.7 seconds, an improvement of 4.6 seconds on the 1938 figures; Davies equalled the record for the 110 yards with one minute 18.6 seconds and Joan Harrison, the 14-year-old South African schoolgirl, created a new record of five minutes 31.7 seconds when winning her 440 yards heat beating by eight seconds the 12-year-old figures. Miss Wellington (England) and Miss Griffin (New Zealand), who were second and third, respectively, to Harrison, also beat the old figures.

While the swimming and diving were taking place, empire athletes at bowls and fencing were engaged elsewhere. New Zealand won two bowls titles, Hamilton Pirrett won the singles and the pair went to Bob Henry and Phil Exelby. The fours final will be played off tomorrow following a triple tie among South African, New Zealand and Australian quartets. Three of the oldest competitors in the games, all over 70, are in the Australian team.

Today's fencing was confined to preliminaries of the Epee event.

A start was made with the boxing at the evening session when first series bouts in five of the eight weights were decided.

The main surprise was the bantamweight defeat of Tommy Miller who had been thought a likely winner of this weight for Scotland. He was outpointed by J. C. Rensburg (Soutn Africa).

Another unexpected result occurred when W. Barber (Australia) outpointed Dod Shepherd, South Africa's runner-up for an Olympic games title in the lightweight division.

Other winners tonight were: M. Temple (South Africa) and K. Edwin (Ceylon) in the flyweights, L. Waters (Canada) Bantams, Peter Brander (England), A. Vercull (Rhodesia), A. Fisher (Australia) feathers; R. Latham (England) and J. E. Barnden (New Zealand) light; J. McIvor (New Zealand), T. S. Ratcriffe (England) welters; Latham beat E. Grey (Ceylon), in the lightweights.

Australia won the men's Epee teams contest tonight when the Empire Games fencing events were continued here.

England was second, Canada third and New Zealand fourth. There were no other competitors.

Australia won all three matches, beating England with fewer hits against, each had four wins with one drawn; Canada by 5 wins to 4 and New Zealand 5 wins to 4. England beat New Zealand 6-3 and Canada 9-0. Canada beat New Zealand 9-0.

Easy First Round Victory For Misra

MANILA, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter).

All seeded players in the Philippines men's singles lawn tennis championships won through the first round today when Heraldo Weiss (Argentine) beat Federico Deyro (Philippines) 6-1, 6-1; Pedro Masip (Spain) beat Sam Ang (Philippines) 6-1, 6-1; Sumant Misra (India) beat Marifosque (Philippines) 6-0, 6-1; Dilip Bose beat Winternits (Philippines) 6-0, 6-0; C. Carmona (Philippines) beat Polintan (Philippines) 6-1, 4-6, 6-3; Raymondo Deyro (Philippines) beat Pineda (Philippines) 6-3, 6-1; and Felicissimo Ampon (Philippines) walk over.

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SHORT COVERING AND SCATTERED BUYING IN ACTIVE SHARES

Tata Steels And Textile Issues Register Moderate Gains

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

The Textile Commissioner has issued a notification to the effect that cotton with licenced dealers in the Greater Bombay which was frozen will be defrozen from today. It somewhat better effect on the local Share Bazar which ruled steady on moderate buying support. However, trading was limited mostly of taravni type with narrow price movement.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 1632/8 and gradually hardened at Rs. 1645/- Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 327/- and advanced at Rs. 330/-.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1107/- and advanced at Rs. 1107/4. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 305/- and after gaining two points at Rs. 307/-. steadied at Rs. 306/-. Nagpurs were placed at Rs. 249/- and Swadeshi Mill shares were done at Rs. 275/-. Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 13/13.

Later on there was scattered selling and Tata Steel Defds. after advancing upto Rs. 1647/8 declined at Rs. 1637/8. Ordinary shares also quietened at Rs. 328/- and Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1166/4. Today's improvement was mostly due to covering by recent sellers and scattered buying.

Towards the close there was renewed buying and Tata Steel Defds. improved at Rs. 1645/- and Ordinary shares advanced at Rs. 331/-. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1110/- and Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 308/- Closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1110 0
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	307 8
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	275 0
Central India Mills (6)	249 8
Simplex Mills (9-8)	199 0
New Great Eastern (9)	162 8
Indore	115 0
Gokak Mills (12)	276 0
Century Spinning (15)	235 0
Swan Mills (30)	315 0
Indian Bleaching (6)	147 0
Finlay Mills (15)	271 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	435 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	225 0
Meyer (12)	103 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 14
India United Ord. (0-12-0)	12 3
India United Defd. (0-12-0)	1 15 6
Madhusudan (15)	180 0
Podar (S)	136 4
Khatau Makanji (5)	180 0
Swadeshi Coupon	68 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	330 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-12)	1645 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref	136 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	150 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	358 12
Belapur Sugar (9)	124 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	31 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	13 14
Premier Construction	93 0
Tata Chemical	11 6
Tata Oil (2)	51 4
Indian Iron (1) XD	31 5
Bengal Steel (0-12)	22 7
Bengal India Corp. (9-9)	9 1 6
Indian Copper	2 6 6
Wimco	211 4
Alcock	274 6
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1550 0
Tata Hydro (3)	153 8
Andhra Valley (25)	1433 12

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	60 0
Phoenix (50)	150 0
Indian Mfg. (40)	3920 0
Kurla X L	118 12
Colaba (12)	118 0
New City (11)	186 4
Minerva (12)	135 0
Bradbury (12)	620 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	5 0
Bharat Mills (2)	33 8
Mysore (4)	383 12
Madhavji	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	170 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	678 12
Vishnu Cotton (8)	222 8
Western India (40)	3925 0
Standard (15)	227 8
Sholapur (200)	3150 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-4)	15 5
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	50 4
New Victoria 7 (Pref)	4 4
Palton (8)	118 0
Gold Mohor	302 8
New Kaiser Hind	325 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9	240 0
New Ahmedabad	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	33 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 14
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	172 8
Raja Bahadur (4)	62 0
Berar Mills	250 0
Victoria Mills	325 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	127 8
Ahmedabad New	75 8
Surat Electric	130 0
Karachi Electric (2)	136 14
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 2
Amalgamated (0-2)	11 1
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	20 8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	140 10
Bombay Suburban (3)	152 8
Bombay Suburban New	120 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India XD	1741 4
Imperial Bank P. (6-12) XD	430 0
Central Bank (1-8)	83 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	84 0
Bank of India (4)	178 0
Union (0-3)	7 6
Baroda (2-8)	120 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-8)	46 8
Jaipur Bank (1-5)	35 4
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	305 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4475 0
Empire (10)	671 4
New India (1-7)	56 0
Jupiter (0-12)	13 0
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	36 8
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	15 0
Industrial and Prudential	26 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	12 12
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P. (1-14) XD	113 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (103)	247 8
Bombay Burma New (5) XD	123 12
Burma Petrol	1 4
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	56 12
Kemp and Co. (30)	662 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	87 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	41 4
Mukund Iron	12 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	150 0
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	28 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B. S.)	135 0
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Gate Deposit (7)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Estrella Batteries	30 6
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	54 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	196 14
Andhra Valley (7)	1240 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1330 0
Hydro Electric (7)	126 4
Bombay Steamer (6)	126 14
Central India (5)	653 12
Swedeshi Mills	130 8
Vishnu Mills (7)	650 0
Lakshmi Mills	270 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	216 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130 0
Pre. Construction First	100 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 8
Hanil	72 9
Tata Chemical	122 8
Walchandnagar	30 0
Jupiter	13 4
Supreme	90 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie (1st)	88 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	60 8
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	72 0
Khatau	97 8
Morarji	94 0
National Rayon	73 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 8
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 8
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 8
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 11
New Victoria	4 4
266-13-9.	
New Victoria	21 4
Phalton	118 0
Gold Mohor	302 4
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan	150 0
Osmanshahi	250 0
Ajani Shahi	280 0
Air Services	4 8
Air India	65 0
Hind Motors	5 1 6
India Steam	7 8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

Tata Ordinary 330, Tata Deferred 1645, Indian Iron 31-5, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 22-7, Bombay Dyeing 1110, Central India 239-6, Gokak 276-14, Kohinoor 307-8, Simplex 199, Swadeshi 275, Tata Power 1550, Associated Cement 150-10, Belapur 224-6, Bombay Burma (Old) 358-12, Scindia 13-14, Central Bank 83, New India 56, Tata 2nd Pref. 136-14.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Feb. 7.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols	£70 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961	93 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	107 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952 ..	91 3/4
Chartered Bank of India	10 9/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	89
National Bank of India	32 1/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5,490.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

The local bullion market was fairly firm with moderate business passing. Professional operators who have control over the market, show inclination to liquidate holdings and prices are reaching higher levels.

At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 184/2 and sharply advanced at Rs. 184/12 which is a new high level for the year. Thereafter there was moderate profit-taking and the market reacted at Rs. 184/4. Fagan delivery Gold opened at Rs. 116/10 and after advancing at Rs. 116/15 steadied at Rs. 116/11.

Later on there was active speculative buying and Gold advanced at Rs. 117/9 and Silver at Rs. 186/4. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	185	10	0
Forward	186	0	0
Ready Gold	117	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

The Association has postponed tenders against February contract and the trade is anxiously awaiting Government decision.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

BOMBAY, Feb. 7.

Receipts (By Rail & Sea)	1949-50 Bales	1948-49 Bales
3rd Feb to 6th Feb.	15865	31422
Receipts (By Rail & Sea)		
1st Sept. to 6th Feb.	626728	603088
SHIPMENTS		
3rd to 6th Feb.		
United Kingdom	—	—
Continent	5908	—
China	—	1200
Japan	—	—
Coast Ports	7593	5695
Total	13501	6895
SHIPMENTS		
1st Sept. to 6th Feb.		
United Kingdom	1350	9421
Continent	55408	78899
China	—	10501
Japan	25927	1344
U.S.A.	51333	10521
Other Foreign Countries	3484	3144
Total all Foreign Countries	137502	113830
Coast Ports	22634	104931
Total	160136	218761
TRANSHIPMENT IN BOMBAY HARBOUR		
During the month of December		
Total	1352	—
1st Sept. to 31st Dec.		
Total	2787	81

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Feb. 7.

KARNAK

March	81.25— 85
May	80.65— 85
July	79.75—130
ASHMOUNI	
February	73.80—162
April	74.25—125
June	73.15—180

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, February 8.

2 1/2 per cent	1924	98 14	8
2 1/2 per cent	1950	100 5	0
2 1/2 per cent	1955	99 14	0
2 1/2 per cent	1961	98 14	0
2 1/2 per cent	1960	99 9	0
2 3/4 per cent	1962	99 3	0
2 3/4 per cent	1973	95 14	0
3 per cent	Con.	97 4	6
3 per cent	1951-54	101 7	0
3 per cent	1952-55	101 12	0
3 per cent	1957	101 12	0
3 per cent	1959-61	101 3	0
3 per cent	1963-65	100 5	0
3 per cent	1966-68	100 3	0
3 per cent	1970-75	100 1	0
2 1/2 per cent	1954-69	106 5	0
3 1/2 per cent	1960-70	110 4	0
4 1/2 per cent	1950-55	101 6	0
4 1/2 per cent	1958-60	110 6	0
4 1/2 per cent	1953-66	113 0	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent	Bombay 1962	99 4	0
2 3/4 per cent	C. P. 1961	97 1	0
2 3/4 per cent	Madras 1961	97 1	0
3 per cent	Bombay 1955	100 8	4
3 per cent	Bombay 1958	100 4	0
3 per cent	Punjab 1952	99 0	0
3 per cent	Madras 1952-53	100 6	0
3 per cent	C. P. 1952	100 6	0
3 per cent	U. P. 1952	100 6	0
3 per cent	N.W.F. 1952	98 2	0
3 per cent	U. P. 1961-68	99 12	0
3 1/4 per cent	Municipal 1977	99 0	0
4 per cent	B.P.T. long dated	109 12	0
4 per cent	Bombay Muni.	109 8	0
5 p.c.	Bombay Muni 1959	114 0	0
6 per cent	Bom. Municipality 1954	113 8	0
6 per cent	K. P. I. 1956	113 12	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

The local produce market was firm today with a further rise in prices. There is acute shortage of supplies. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS			
Quality	Rs.	42 4	0
Bold		41 4	0
Coromondal		41 10	0
Oil Bombay Mills		23 0	0
Oil Upcountry Mills		22 2	6
Oil February		22 6	0
LINSEED			
Bold		37 8	0
Small Seed		37 4	0
February-March		37 8	0
March-April		36 12	0
April-May		36 0	0
Oil		21 14	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Ready		28 6	0
Madras Feb-March		28 14	0

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

120	Ready Japan	5 12	0
150	Ready Japan	4 13	0
120	Ready Italy	5 2	0
150	Ready Italy	4 12	0
150	D. Box Feb.	950 0	0
150	D. Box March	950 0	0

SHIPPING NEWS

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY

From U.S.A. Canadian Pacific Ports, via Manilla, Indonesia, Straits, Colombo. s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" 14th Feb. s.s. "Lawak" 22nd March.

From USA Canadian Pacific ports, Gulf of Mexico via Mediterranean Persian Gulf and Karachi. s.s. "Raki" 11th Feb. s.s. "Hoegh Merchant" 15th Feb. s.s. "Marken" 3rd April.

From Australia via Singapore, Colombo, Marmagoa s.s. "Hoegh Silvercloud" 10th Feb.

From North Continental and Mediterranean Ports via Karachi s.s. "Hoegh Silverwave" 2nd March.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi s.s. "Hoperidge" 14th Feb.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

For Calcutta via Colombo, Madras s.s. "Raki" 15th Feb. s.s. "Marken" 8th April.

For USA Canadian Atlantic Ports, via Red Sea Ports and Mediterranean s.s. "Hoegh Silvercloud" 12th Feb. s.s. "Hoegh Silverwave" 9th March.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" 20th Feb. s.s. "Lawak" 27th March.

For Australia via Colombo, Singapore s.s. "Hoegh Silverlight" 11th Feb. s.s. "Hoegh Merchant" 20th Feb.

For USA Canadian Pacific Ports, via Manilla, Indonesia, Straits, Colombo. s.s. "Hoperidge" 18th Feb.

INCREASE OF RS. 9 CRORES IN TOTAL NOTES

Weekly Statement Of Reserve Bank

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 3rd day of February:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	14,99,67,000
Notes in circulation	1133,24,50,000
Total Notes issued	1148,24,17,000
Total Liabilities	1148,24,17,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
Held in India	40,01,71,000
Foreign Securities	640,24,28,000
Rupee Coin	52,65,20,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	415,22,88,000
Total Assets	1148,24,17,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 59.252 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	4,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government	153,15,16,000
(2) Other Governments	26,16,50,000
(b) Banks	53,99,34,000
(c) Others	60,67,61,000
Bills Payable	5,36,65,000
Other Liabilities	12,06,32,000
Total	Rs. 321,40,58,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Notes	14,99,67,000
Rupees Coin	11,09,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,62,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	87,00,000
(b) External	....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,42,72,000
Balances held abroad	198,87,12,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	2,95,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	7,70,77,000
Investments	87,99,07,000
Other Assets	4,46,52,000
Total	Rs. 321,40,58,000

Aggressive Mill Buying In New York Cotton

WALL STREET STEADY WITH CORRECTIVE PROFIT-TAKING

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

Active deliveries established new seasonal highs on aggressive until demand for nearbys and commission house buying which encountered only limited scale up hedges and liquidation. Part of the buying was possibly based on brighter export prospects which are expected to exceed last season's 4,748,000 bales.

After a slight reaction prices again recovered on renewed trade support and shortcovering. Grains extended in the aftenoon, with the session closing firm on persistent trade demands and short covering finding contracts scare. The failure of the earlier advance to new seasonal highs to dislodge increased offerings also attracted some new buying and covering. Sales were estimated at 160,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

March	31.46+09
May	31.49+07
July	30.94+13
October	29.14+15
Middling spot	22.89+09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	31.24+06
May	31.36+09
July	30.82+14
October	29.02+15
Middling spot	31.45+10

New York Cotton March highest 31.46 at 11-53 hours. Lowest 31.36 at 10-46 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

Further corrective profittaking and some nervous liquidation brought additional mild losses. Trading however was only moderate as operators were watching the labour situation particularly coal. General motors were off nearly one dollar to 76 on realising since an increased dividend was previously anticipated. General motors reported record 1949 earnings estimatedly equal to 13.30 dollars per share against 9.72 in 1949.

The averages were industrials 203.28 and rails 54.73 While pressure was relatively light, occasionally rallying efforts made little headway. Studebaker, however, at a new 1950 peak of 28-1/2, attracted buying on estimates that 1949 earnings have reached record ten to twelve dollars per share and the forthcoming dividend meeting may bring pleasant news. Rails were mostly lower with the coal strike forcing some carriers to curtail steampowered rail service. The market closed barely steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph	149 5/8
Amerex Holding Co.	34 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	29 5/8
Chase National Bank	37 3/8
Firestone Tyre	55 3/4
General Electric	44 3/8
General Motors	76 7/8
Ingersol Rand	68 1/2
International Nickel	28 3/8
National City Bank	43 1/2
New York Central Rail Road	12 1/4
Sinclair Oil	22 7/8
Socony Vacuum Corp.	16 1/4
Texas Corp.	61 3/4
Union Carbide	43 3/8
U. S. Smelt and Refining	38 1/4
U. S. Steel Common	30 3/8
Western Union 'A'	21 3/4

The highest and lowest of U. S. Steel trading prices were 30 5/8 and 30 1/4 respectively.

The volume of business on the Stock Exchange was 1,360,000 shares.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.

GRAINS rallied early under the leadership of wheat reflecting exporter buying against additional sales abroad but profittaking and hedgeselling reduced prices from the day's best. Buying of March wheat against sales of forward months depressed the latter deliveries. Oaths resisted selling pressure based on trade reports that the army is scheduled to purchase 800,000 bushels.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.

March	2.16 7/8
May	2.06
July	1.87 5/8
September	1.88 1/8

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY Feb. 8.

MILLS

Apollo 2/13/6 2/14
Bharat 32/4, 32/8
B. Dying 1110, 12/8, 5, 12/8, 6/4, 10
C. India 245, 49/12
C. India Pref. 653/12
E. Textiles 223/12, 25
Elphinstone Ord. 60
Finlay 271
Gokak 275, 76, 75, 76
I. U. Defd. 1/15, 1/15/6
I. U. Ord. 12/2/6, 12/3, 12/2-6, 12-3
Indore 115, 16/4, 13/12 15
Khatau 180
Kohinoor 306, 7/8, 6/8, 7, 6, 7/8
Minerva 135
New City 186/4
New Great 162, 62/8
Podar 138/12, 36/4
Podar Pref. 95
Shrinivas 172/8
Simplex 198, 99, 98, 99
Svadeshi 275, 76, 74 75
Swan 315
Tata Mills 58/4

SHIPPING

Scindia 14, 13/14, 14, 13/10/6.

BANKS

Baroda 120/12
Central 82, 83, 82/8, 83
Central New 84
Imperial Old 1727/8, 41/4
India 177, 78
Union 7/6
U. Commercial 46/4, 46, 46/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 128/12, 27/8
Andhra 1433/12
Ajmer 10/2
Hydro 154, 53/8
Hydro Pref. 126/4
Power 1552/8, 50

INSURANCE

B.I.G. 15
New India 55/12, 56
Vulcan 13/2

STEELS

B. Steel 22/5, 22/4, 22/7
I. Iron 31/2, 31/5, 31/3/6, 31/5
Tata Defd 1635, 47/8, 35, 50, 35, 45
Tata Ord. 327, 29/8, 27, 30/8, 28/8, 30/8, 30
Tata IInd Pref. 136/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 273/12, 74/6
A.C.C. 150, 51, 50/12
Belapur 225/8, 24, 25, 23, 24
B.B. Old 362/8, 60, 63/2, 58/12
B. B. Petrol 1/4
B.I.C. 9/2, 9/1/6
Dena Trust 14
Dharamsey 41/8, 41/4
I. Copper 2/6/6
Port Canning 56/12
P. Const. 94/8, 93/8, 94, 93
P. Const. IInd Pref. 98, 98/8
Shivrajpur 30/4, 31
Tata Chem. 11/5, 11/6
Tata Oil 51/4
Wimco 208/12, 12/8, 11/4

SPECIAL

Motor House (Gujarat) Ord. 26/12, 26/14

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India May Lose Her Foreign Markets In Cloth

EXPORTERS' PROTEST AGAINST RECENT NOTIFICATION ON PRICE CONTROL

BOMBAY, Wednesday

MR. TEKCHAND Vasamal, President of the All-India Exporters' Association, declared today that India might lose her foreign markets in cloth if she was not able to supply textile goods at competitive prices.

Presiding over a special general meeting of the Association at Mongini's Hotel this evening, Mr. Tekchand warned that Japan might eventually capture the export trade in cloth, unless India offered cloth at reasonable prices.

The meeting was convened to protest against the recent Government notification regarding the export price control on textiles.

A strongly-worded resolution, moved by Mr. M. A. Khan, recorded the Association's strong disapproval of the Government announcement, allowing mills and exporters to charge overseas buyers any prices, whilst restricting mills to charge only 8 per cent to exporters.

The resolution stated that this step, evidently taken to enable exporters to obtain cloth at controlled prices from mills, was unfortunately not having the desired effect in practice, as mills were disinclined to offer goods to exporters on these terms.

It was proposed that in the larger interests of India in general and the export trade in particular, Government should maintain the control on export prices as before, or in the alternative withdraw immediately price control altogether, including the 8 per cent restriction as between mills to exporters.

The meeting authorised Mr. Naranji L. Kara, member of the Export Advisory Council, to represent their case at the next meeting of the Council on February 11.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, February 8.

Slightly better tone was noticed for the more speculative issues at the close today while other stocks remained quiet and unchanged. Following are today's final transactions upto 3-00 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 97/6 taree per cent loan 1959/61 101/1, three per cent loan 1957 101/13 a. lot three per cent loan 1966/68 100/5, a. lot three per cent loan 1970/75 99/12.

BANKS: Hind 30/12, United Commercial 46, Imperial fully paid 1720, ditto conty 418.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 10/14, Elgin Mills 16, New Victoria ordy. 2/1.

COALS: Bengal 534, Bhalgora 8/9, Bhulanbararee 9/8, Burrakur 12/2, South Karanpura 27/12.

JUTES: Anglo-India 194, Barnagore 207, a. lot, Champdany 168, Howrah 27/4, Kankinarrah 161, Lansdowne 145, Presidency 5/4, Ruddee 67.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 8, Brit Engineering 12/11, Indian Iron 31/8, Indian Steel and Wire Products 44/4 Marshalls 6/11, Jessop and Co. 14/5, Kumardhubi Eng. 7/15, National Iron 4/10, Steel Corp. 22/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2/11, Indian Copper 2/8, Assam Bengal Cement 6/12, Sone Valley Cement 6/3, Calcutta Electric 15, British Ceylon Corp. 12/8, Bio 9, Indian Cable 49/12, Jardine Henderson 129/8, National Insulated Cable 9/15, Titaghur Paper 33/8, Midmapore Zemindary 57, Assam Saws 8/2, India General Navgn. 82, India Steamship 7/10.

SUGARS: Belsund 4/5 a. o. l. Carew and Co. 8/1, Sitalpur 3/12, U. P. Sugar 10/10.

TEAS: Banarhat 279, a. o. l., Bormahjan 12/13 East India 17/12 Gungaram 240, Hantapra 180, Phaskowa 143/8 a. lots Rajabhat 11/12.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, February 8

Following are today's quotations:

SECURITIES: Three per cent Government of India Paper 97/4, ditto 1986 97/5, ditto 1953/56 101/12, three per cent Government of Madras 1960 100/4

BANKS: Travancore 14/8.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 17, Mysore 42/14, Travancore 6/14.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/3, Cochin Malabar 4/12, Devashola 13/10, Midland 5/2, Nelliampath 1/2/6, Ouchterlony 6/8, Periakaramalai 24/8, Pullangode 1/4, Thirumbadi 2/1/8, T. R. and T. Co. 5/13, Waterfall 3/2.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 151, Ditto Pref. 186/4, Cambodia 11/12, Coimbatore CM 132, Lakshmi 67/8, Madura 28/14, Mettur 322/8, Mysore Spun 6, Radhakrishna 160, Rajalakshmi 68, Ranga Vilas 50/8, Trav. Ravons 4/7, Trichinopoly 10.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 71, F. A. C. T. 5/1/6, India Cement 17/14, Mettur Chem. 6, Mysore Chem. Fert. 9/2.

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

BLACK PEPPER: The pepper market was quiet but firm, spots done at 1.42 dollars per pound with buyers at 1.40 to 1.42 according to position and further limited sellers at 1.43 for both spots and later positions. The prices in India are on level with or slightly above those prevailing here. Following are today's closing quotations:—

Black Pepper: Spot 1.42 dollars traded, March 1.37 bid, May 1.37 bid, July 1.36 bid, September 1.34 bid, October 1.32 bid, December 1.28 bid. White pepper Spot 2.25 asked.

LONDON PEPPER FIRM

LONDON, Feb. 7.

The pepper market was firm on Singapore advices. Black Lampong, February/March shipment, was dearer at 10sh. 1d., White Muntok quoted at 15sh. 7d. shipping weight and White Sarawak at 16sh. 3d., delivered weight per pound c.i.f., basis ports. Malabar afloat was offered at 1,125 and February/March at 1,130 shillings per cwt., c.i.f. United Kingdom.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Feb. 7.

Black Lampong remained unchanged at 550 dollars per picul but White Muntok advanced five dollars to 555. About 4 tons of White Muntok loose arrivals were absorbed locally at 560.

CONTINENTAL STOCK EXCHANGES

PARIS, Feb. 7: A successful reforming of government was reflected in the majority of advancing prices. French rentes again progressed in limited trade. Among internationals, Kaffirs were irregular, oils fluctuated around the previous closings but Royal Dutch exceptionally gained ground.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 7: Limited movements bothways were recorded with operators watching Wall Street. The undertone was resistant, however. Yesterday's small advance in metals were erased while collieries, electricities and textiles ruled irregular. Colonials were maintained.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 7: With public showing moderate interest, prices recovered after an initial hesitancy to close mostly slightly over yesterday's levels. Internationals were featureless.

D. V. C. Work To Be Speeded Up

ANNUAL REPORT

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (PTI): An all-round speeding up of the progress in the work already started on the Damodar Valley Project is envisaged in the year 1950-51 according to the first annual report of the Damodar Valley Corporation.

The report, printed in brochure form which was placed on the table in the Parliament yesterday by the Works, Mines and Power Minister, Mr. N. V Gadgil, said: "The Corporation has given anxious thought to the critical economic situation now prevailing in the country, and has carefully considered the bearing of this on its future policy.

It is convinced that the Damodar Valley scheme, because of its wide range of benefits which can be realised with a minimum amount of time lag, has an unusually high contribution to make to the solution of the pressing problems of shortage and price inflation".

POWER GENERATION

The 64-page report covers the work of the Damodar Valley Corporation from July 1948 to March 1949 and also contains a general account of the "substantial progress" made during the last six months.

The major part of the present "programme of work" which includes the Tilaiya Dam, Maithnan Dam, Panchet Hill Dam, Bokaro Steam Power Station and Dungapur Barrage is expected to be completed by the end of 1950-51.

According to the present plans, power generation in the Valley would amount to a total installed capacity of 246,000 kw in the first stage of the project, i.e., till 1953, and total regulated flow of water from the various dams would be sufficient to irrigate nearly one million acres.

The budget of the D.V.C. for the year 1950-51, "prepared on the basis of the indispensable requirements of the Corporation to carry out its minimum programme of work" estimates an expenditure of Rs. 9,27,00,000, an increase of Rs. three crores over revised budget of 1949-50.

The statement said that negotiations were in progress with the World Bank for a 25-million-dollar loan to meet the foreign exchange requirements for the Bokaro-Konar group of projects and transmission wires. "If this loan materialises", the statement added, "practically the entire foreign exchange requirements for this project will be met from the loan proceeds."

The Corporation, the report pointed out had appointed two American firms of consulting engineers and construction engineers whose functions had been separated to undertake most of the work.

LONDON COPRA MARKET

LONDON, Feb. 7: The copra market was steadier on moderate enquiries. Straits Dutch-East-Indies fair merchantable Feb./March was quoted at £81 per ton c.i.f., and Philippines was held for 195 dollars f.o.b.

The encoduted market was quietly steady: Straits February/March shipment in bulk was quoted at £122 per ton c. i. f., Ceylon February/March shipment in cylinders was quoted at £127 per ton c. i. f. continental resellers.

NEW YORK SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

SILVER: The turnover is estimated at 125,000 ounces at unchanged price.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Feb. 7

LONDON:—

Silver spot and forward ....64d.

Gold bars fine per oz. £12 8 0

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Turning Undesirables Out Of Assam

DEBATE ON BILL IN PARLIAMENT

Immigration From East Pakistan Planned?

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8, (PTI).

PARLIAMENT today held an inconclusive discussion on Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar's bill to provide for the expulsion of undesirable immigrants from Assam.

The provisions of the bill have already been in force for six weeks in the form of an ordinance and is designed to expel from Assam about 500,000 undesirable immigrants from East Bengal who have penetrated into Assam since partition.

Mr. Ayyangar told the House that not only had the influx slackened since the issue of the ordinance "but substantial numbers of Muslims who had come into Assam are now finding their way back to their homes in East Bengal".

MORE IF NEEDED

He hoped the same results would continue. If they did not, he would not hesitate to come before the House for more powers.

While the power of expulsion is vested in the Government, the bill authorises the Centre to delegate its powers to the Assam Government. Mr. Ayyangar told the House that the power had already been so delegated under the ordinance.

Mr. Ayyangar agreed with Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani and several other speakers that the passage of the bill was vital to the country both from the point of view of security and the economy of Assam.

CAUSE FOR DELAY

Mr. Biswanath Das was among those who felt that the bill should have been brought before the House much earlier.

Mr. Ayyangar said that the delay was caused by the need for consultation with the Assam and West Bengal Governments.

Mr. Ayyangar assured the House that 'bona fide' domiciles would not be turned out of Assam as a result of the passage of the bill. The bill was also not intended to be applied to refugees from East Bengal and in view of the strong feeling in the House, he was prepared to make that clear in the bill itself.

EXPEL EN MASSE

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi wanted the illegal immigrants to be expelled forthwith "en masse". Otherwise he said, as "we are all men of referendum", this country might lose the areas swamped by the East Bengal Muslims. Or "we may go to Lake Success and I do not know whether we will sink or swim in that 'lake'", he added.

Mr. Tajamul Hussain said that the illegal immigrants would be expelled not because they were Muslims but because they were not citizens of this country. Hence the bill did not violate the secular character of the State.

Some of the Bengali and Punjabi members tried to take the opportunity to criticise the Assam Government for not helping the Hindu refugees from Eastern Pakistan adequately. The Assam members gave back as good as they got and said that criticism of the Assam Government on this score was based on "sheer ignorance".

One of them said he was glad that the critics at least seemed to be aware that "the capital of Assam is Shillong and not Bangkok".

DISQUIETING

Introducing the bill, Mr. Ayyangar said particularly after partition the influx of persons from outside Assam into that State had been assuming proportions which had caused apprehensions to the Government and people of Assam as to the disturbance that such an influx would cause to their economy.

If restrictions by way of a permit system had been imposed, it was feared that difficulties would have been experienced and it would not have been easy to get over them. After discussion with the Government of Assam, it was finally settled that instead of introducing a permit system, which would control the entry of outsiders into Assam, Government might take power to expel from Assam such foreign nationals who entered that State and whose continuance in that State was likely to cause disturbance to its economy.

"The dimensions of this problem", said Mr. Ayyangar, "have been growing. At first, when the Assam Government reported to us about the middle of 1949, their opinion was that only about a lakh and half to two lakhs of persons had migrated into Assam from the neighbouring Pakistan Province of East Bengal.

Later on, when I went to Shillong and had discussions with the Assam Government on this question, the numbers they estimated had come into Assam were of the order of half a million. The problem had therefore, grown in magnitude and it was felt necessary that we should take effective action".

Under the bill, Mr. Ayyangar told the House, the Central Government had the power to direct an undesirable immigrant to remove himself from Assam, but the exercise of those powers was proposed to be delegated to the Government of Assam.

Any person who contravened or attempted to contravene an expulsion order would be punishable with imprisonment, which might extend to three years, and would also be liable to fine.

PLANNED AFFAIR?

Pandit Balkrishna Sharma: Is this influx into the territory of Assam a plannned affair or is it due only to individual initiative?

Mr. Ayyangar: There are characteristics about it which might justify the inference that it was planned at one time. For instance, there have been cases of swarms of these people coming into Assam on single occasion but, generally speaking, they have come in only in driblets and at various points. I personally think that the influx is not so comprehensively planned as to justify the inference that there is a regular invasion of Assam by any foreign country in pursuance of any policy of annexing Assam or making the economy of Assam subservient to their economy.

Mr. Biswanath Das (Orissa) said that the influx was according to a League plan and intended to disturb the peace in Assam.

ENFORCE STRICTLY

Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani, supporting the bill, said that it concerned the safety of India as Assam was the eastern gateway of the country. Pakistan though at peace with India, was creating conditions for war.

While she was at Karachi on her way back to the country, she learnt small things, which though small in themselves, revealed the situation. For example at Karachi there was an exhibition at which a drama was being enacted about the Indian police action in Hyderabad and scenes were shown of Indian soldiers committing excesses and brutalities.

Thus the passion of the people was being roused. If four and a half lakh Muslims had come to Assam, the law should have been enacted even earlier and enforced strictly.

CENTRAL LIST

Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, replying to the debate, said that the legislation had to be undertaken by the Central Legislature because constitutionally it came in the Central list. The Foreigners' Act could not be applied because in that act a foreigner was defined as a person who was not a natural British subject. "I am afraid" said Mr. Ayyangar "Pakistanis are still British subjects."

Mr. Ayyangar said that it was not intended that this bill should be applied to persons who had been settled in Assam for a number of years.

Mr. Biswanath Das had spoken a great deal about the Government neglecting their duties and so on. The House would realise that this was a matter of the most delicate character possible and the Government of India had to hold successive conferences and discussions with Assam on the one hand and the West Bengal Government on the other. It was only after some time that they were able to persuade both governments to agree to the bill

AMENDMENT

The House then took up detailed consideration of the bill.

During the discussion on amendments several speakers wanted that the immigrants who had come and settled in Assam, as a result of the policy of the League Ministry before partition, should also be expelled.

Mr. Ayyangar moved an amendment to enlarge the scope of the bill to include a person who came from anywhere outside India. Mr. Ayyangar explained that this would enable the Government to expel undesirable imgrants from China, Burma or any other place also.

The House accepted Mr. Ayyangar's amendment.

The discussion had not concluded on the other clauses when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

ADVANCE MADE TO EXCHANGE BANK

Question Time In Parliament

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (PTI).—The Finance Minister Dr. John Matthai told Mr. R. K. Sidhva at question time in the Indian Parliament today that a sum of Rs. 87.43 lakhs had been advanced by the Reserve Bank of India to the Exchange Bank of Africa and India, Bombay, in February and April last year under section 18 of the Reserve Bank of India Act. The advance had been made against title-deeds except for a small amount which was against Government securities. The bank was now under liquidation and the whole matter was under the consideration of the liquidator.

U.S. WHEAT

Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister, told Parliament today in reply to Pandit Mukut Behari Lal Bhargava that the negotiations for one million tons of American wheat were not pursued by the Government of India because it did not appear that the terms on which the wheat could be obtained would be favourable enough for the purpose Government had in view.

NAVAL DOCKYARD

The Defence Minister Sardar Baldev Singh said that it was proposed to develop the Naval Dockyard at Bombay so that larger vessels could be built. At present only small ancillary craft could be built there. Three surveying motor boats were constructed at the dockyard during the last year.

PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK

"The Government of India feel that the action of the West Punjab Government requisitioning the premises of the Punjab National Bank at Lahore is contrary to the spirit of the Inter-Dominion Agreement on Banking", said Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister, in reply to Sardar Bhopinder Singh Man.

"It is also contrary to the assurances of the facilities and assistance which the Pakistan Government gave to functioning banks in Pakistan", added Dr. Matthai.

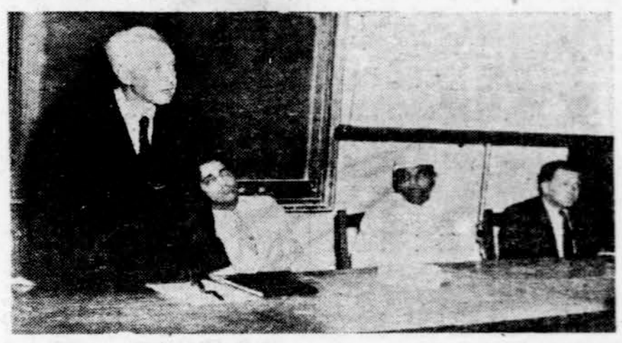
STATES ASKED TO ECONOMISE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8 (PTI): The Government of India have requested all the States Government to effect economy in States' expenditure on the lines of the Central Government's economy measures.

Disclosing this in Parliament today in reply to Pandit Mukut Biharilal, the Finance Minister, Dr. John Matthai, said that the Government of India had brought to the notice of all States Government the measures which they themselves had taken to secure economy in their own revenue and capital expenditure. He understood that the States had adopted various measures to effect economy and details of these measures would be available in their budget statements.

The Finance Minister said that he was not prepared to say at present what further economy had been effected by the Centre beyond Rs. 40 crores in the budget for 1949-50 and Rs. 80 crores in 1950-51.

TALK ON SCIENCE IN U. S. S. R.



Professor W. Engelhardt of Moscow addressing the meeting arranged by the Association of Scientific Workers of India at the Royal Institute of Science.

TREMENDOUS ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE U. S. S. R.

Russian Scientist's Talk At Royal Institute

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE tremendous strides which were made by the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, in the post-revolution period, were briefly outlined at the Royal Institute of Science this evening by Professor W. Engelhardt, Director of the Biochemical Laboratory of the Pavlov Institute of Physiology, in a talk on "Science and Scientists in U.S.S.R."

Giving a historical background, the professor stated that Russia was extremely backward in anything and everything before the revolution. Main industries connected with electricity, oil, coal, iron and many others were in the hands of foreigners, the British, the Belgian, the Swedish and other powers. Illiteracy in the key cities was as much as 60 per cent and rose upto about 90 per cent in remote places. The Academy of Sciences at that time, no doubt contained eminent men, but conducted no institutions or laboratories. But, the onset of the revolution had changed the whole picture in a comprehensive manner.

Within a decade and a half, illiteracy had been practically wiped out under the new order, facilities for even adult literacy being created. While yet, the Russian Civil War was raging on the remote frontiers, and there was tremendous scarcity of all the essentials of existence—food, clothes, fuel and housing—the New State had turned its attention towards the opening of scientific centres for a wide variety of subjects like chemistry, biochemistry, nutrition, micro-biology, sera and vaccine control. These centres started supplying more and more scientific men as days passed.

TOTAL CHANGE

The Soviet Commissariat of Science had changed the very structure and character of the old Russian Academy of Sciences, more than a hundred national academies being opened out even in the most remote parts of the Soviet Union. These centres were not concentrated in th capital cities, but flourished in far flung corners, utilising local men and using the local language for all research and other purposes.

In places where formerly illiteracy was 85 per cent and more, today there existed National Academies of Science.

FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH

It was not only applied science that Government encouraged, but fundamental research also, for which costly laboratories had been constructed. Besides, there were special institutes whose researches centred on such subjects as dairy products, bread, agricultural products etc.

Whenever national planning with regard to production had to be done, the academy would call for the representatives of similar bodies from all over the Union and draw a plan. The speaker mentioned that tremendous good had been done this way with regard to drought-control over enormous tracts in the Soviet Union, the areas benefiting by the research being equal to the combined areas of France, England, Italy, Belgium and the Netherlands. The whole idea behind this was to raise the living conditions of the people.

In Russia, religion had been dissociated from the State and Science had taken its place. Science was an integral function of the State.

Speaking about the position of scientists in Russia today, the speaker said that the Scientist was among the highest paid and the "most respectable" members of society.

FREE MEDICAL AID

Immediately after Professor Engelhardt's talk, Dr. V. Butrov, Minister of Public Health at Moscow read a paper on the 'Organisation of Public Health in the U.S.S.R."

He said that the Soviet Health Organisation directed all its efforts at the creation of a powerful country-wide network of medical and prophylactic institutions to secure qualified and free medical aid for the whole population.

While conditions before the revolution were primitive, inadequate and totally unsatisfactory, today there were 17,000 hospitals in the Union in addition to 15,000 local dispensaries, which together provided 8 lakh beds.

Dr. Homi J. Bhabha who presided over the first lecture stated that it was in the fitness of things that priority was given to scientific work over all other things and he hoped India would do the same.

Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, Minister for Public Works, Government of Bombay an ex-Dean of the G. S. Medical College and the K. E. M. Hospital, said that India was struggling against great odds to catch up ith other nations in medical matters. He was greatly impressed by what he had heard in the medical matters. He was greatly impressed by what he had head in the evening with regard to what had been achieved in Russia.

He "hoped that India would would take a leaf from Russia's book", in this matter.

FAMILY FEUD?

MIRAJ, Feb. 8 (PTI): In the early hours of the morning yesterday an unknown person set fire to a house in Mangaonwadi, 7 miles from Ichalkaranji, having first locked the door of the house upon four members of a family asleep inside.

A family feud is believed to be behind the incident.

Two of the four trapped persons were found burned to death and two severely burned, by villagers who, seeing the blaze, broke down a wall of the house.

Two oxen and three sheep tethered in a shed attached to the house were charred to death.

A MAJOR DRAIN ON DOLLAR RESOURCES

Australia's Decision To De-Ration Petrol

LONDON, Feb. 8. (PTI-Reuter).

FIRST reaction of British oil experts to Australia's decision to de-ration petrol announced earlier today was that this had been taken for two main reasons—to expand trade generally and to increase Australian production of dollar earning products, wool and possibly zinc and lead.

The differences between the British and Australian Governments remain—the one favouring restrictionism because of dollar shortages and the other favouring expansionism in the hope that freer oil trade would also have its effect on freer trade generally.

From the immediate angle of saving dollars, oil authorities with a wide knowledge of world markets regarded Britain's case as unassailable. But from the wider angle of spending some dollars in the expectation of earning more they conceded that Australia has a strong case, of which only the Australian Government could be the judge and that the Americans would naturally welcome the Australian step.

Last July, when he announced the sterling areas' general imports cuts, Sir Stafford Crippa, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, described the restriction approach as negative and thoroughly evil in itself, but inescapable because of sheer shortage of dollars.

Britain's case is that there is only one pool of sterling oil available to the whole sterling area and that it shows a dollar deficit.

Even after the contemplate of British cuts in dollar oil, which the Americans are resisting, oil will cost the sterling area about 575,000,000 dollars this year and will be the biggest single item in the dollar deficit.

Bigger consumption of sterling oil by one sterling country means that the others will have to buy more dollar oil, thus increasing the dollar deficit.

Petrol is now rationed in Britain, Ireland, Western Germany, Spain, Austria, Greece, India and Pakistan

PETROL RATIONING IN AUSTRALIA ENDS

Prime Minister's Announcement

CANBERRA, Feb. 8 (PTI-Reuter):—Prime Minister Robert G. Menzies in a nation-wide broadcast today announced the end of petrol rationing in Australia from midnight tonight.

Mr. Menzies said: "We have satisfied ourselves that in Australia petrol rationing can safely be removed without any fears of inadequate supplies or of evil consequences in terms of dollars.

The Prime Minister said Britain and Australia, with other nations of the Sterling Area, were deeply concerned about the dollar problem.

Consequently, rationing would not have been lifted had Australia believed it would have a substantial adverse effect on the dollar position.

BRITISH REACTION

LONDON.—The British Government reacted swiftly today to the Australian Government's announcement of the end of petrol rationing.

An official statement from Number 10 Downing Street said the British Government's concern had been to limit dollar spending by the whole Sterling Area, and the danger was if one member of the area relaxed its efforts, others might be tempted to follow suit.

CAPITALISTS ON STRIKE

VIJAYAVADA, Feb. 8 (PTI).

MR. G. MAPARA, General Secretary, All India Railway Workers Federation called upon the ten lakhs of railway workers in the country to unitedly support the national government and to treat the Rs. 800 crores Government investment on railways as their own.

He said the spirit of sacrifice and service for which Gandhiji lived and died had become extinct in men today and people had been running after "the leaves and flakes of office", and urged the capitalists to undertake the industrialisation of the country on a large scale.

"It is the capitalists who are on strike today closing down textile mills" Mr. Mapara, declared. Future history would show that it was only the working class in the country that helped the Government to progress.

Train Raided: 12 Injured

GAUHATI, Feb. 8 (PTI): Twelve persons sustained minor injuries when raiders attacked the 144 Down train from Lumding on the night of February 3, immediately after it had left the station, Mr. B. Aurora, Chief Administrative Officer of the Assam Railway, stated today. Some passengers belongings were also looted.

Mr. Aurora denied a report appearing in a section of the press about the death of some passengers as a result of the attack and said that the raiders were not armed with deadly weapons.

Full details regarding the attack on the passenger train received here show that the train was stopped by pulling the alarm chain after it had proceeded half a mile from Lumding Station. A mob of about one hundred persons then attacked the train. The police, however, soon reached the spot and dispersed the crowd taking into custody a number of persons.

The train was then taken back to Lumding where first aid was given to the injured persons as it was found that their injuries were only of a minor nature.

Train Tragedy Victims

AMBALA, Feb. 8, (PTI): Two more persons injured in the Kashmir mail disaster on January 29 died in hospital here today.

The total death roll to date as a result of the accident is 69.

Twenty persons injured in the accident are still under treatment.

JUVENILE COURTS FOR MADRAS

Bill Published

MADRAS, Feb. 8, (PTI): The Madras Government today published a bill envisaging the formation of one or more juvenile courts in each district for the hearing of child delinquents.

These courts shall be presided over by children's magistrates to be specially selected for their humanity and love of children. Such magistrates, who will be appointed from both the sexes, must have passed a course on child psychology, child training and child guidance.

Parents or guardians who inflict "undue cruelty" on children resulting in loss of sight and hearing will be punished with imprisonment up to six months or fine up to Rs. 200 or with both.

Those, who sell 'bidis', cigarettes or tobacco or any kind of smoking mixture to children below the age of 16, shall be punished with a month's imprisonment or fine up to Rs. 100.

Children's magistrates can inflict corporal or any other suitable punishment within the ambit of law. Women magistrates shall not inflict corporal punishment on boy offenders and men magistrates on girl offenders.

Newspaper reports on the proceedings of juvenile courts shall not disclose the name address or school or include any particulars calculated to lead to the identification of the accused children.

Mr K Madhava Menon Education and Law Minister in an explanatory note on the bill said the legislation contemplated" a radically new approach to the problem of juvenile delinquency"

QUEEN MARY

LONDON, Feb. 8. (PTI-Reuter): Queen Mary, Britain's 82-year-old queen mother who is suffering from sciatica, was stated today to be making satisfactory progress. She is still confined to her room.

A SAMPLE OF PAKISTAN'S PROPAGANDA

Manufactured Statements On Hyderabad

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8. (PTI): Mr. Pingle Reddy, formerly a member of the Laik Ali Ministry of Hyderabad, continued to be under house custody in Hyderabad, according to official quarters here, and is not sojourning suggested by the Pakistan press and radio.

Some "doubt" about Mr. Reddy's whereabouts arose following publication in leading newspapers in Pakistan between January 20 and early February of a number of lengthy statements under Dacca dateline purporting to have been made by Mr. Reddy, denouncing the Government of India's action in Hyderabad and Kashmir and challenging Delhi to "produce the Nizam before a British or American Court"

The statements were also broadcast over the Pakistan Radio and included one in which Mr Reddy "urged the establishment of a Provisional Government of Hyderabad"

The publicity had such an air of "authenticity" that the authorities here sent a message to Hyderabad's Chief Minister Mr Velodi, only to be assured that Mr Reddy was in his own house in Hyderabad.

READY INDIGNANT

Astonished at the statements attributed to him, Mr. Reddy is stated to have written to the Government of India expressing his indignation at them and asserting that if there were no sentries around his house, he would never "exchange his birthright".

In Dacca en route to Karachi, as

MUTT AND JEFF— At Least Jeff's Logical If Not Practical — By BUD FISHER

LISTEN, SHORT STUFF! PLEASE STOP ANNOYING ME! I DON'T WANT YOU BOTHERING ME ANY LONGER!
BUT MARILYN—
SHORT STUFF, EH?
SHE'LL BE SORRY!
YOU'RE HANGING YOURSELF? WHY?
AW, NOBODY WANTS A LITTLE GUY LIKE ME!
WELL, THAT AIN'T THE WAY TO HANG YOURSELF--TIE THE ROPE AROUND YOUR NECK!
IF I DID THAT IT MIGHT KILL ME!
?
Fisher

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